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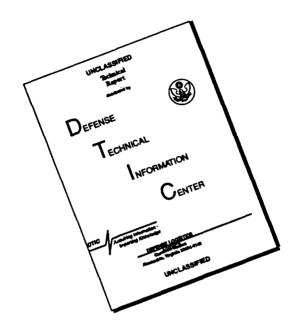


Development of the Family of Munitions Container #3 for the BSU/49, BSU/50 and MXU/650 Airfoil Groups, CNU 534/E, CNU 335B/E, CNU 336B/E, and CNU 505/E

AFMC-LSO/LGTP
PACKAGING BRANCH
WRIGHT PATTERSON AFB, OH 45433-5540
December 1994



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PROJECT:

90-P-122

TITLE:

Family of Munitions Container #3

ABSTRACT

This project was initiated to design, fabricate, test and provide a production drawing package for the Family of Munitions Container (FMC) #3. This project was in support of Productivity, Reliability, Availability, Maintainability (PRAM) project 21989-01. FMC #3 is designed to hold 12 BSU/49, two (2) BSU/50 or six (6) MXU/650 Airfoil Groups. This will replace three different containers, all of which are top opening, therefore making it very difficult for the user to remove the airfoil group from the container.

FMC #3 (CNU 534/E) is a welded aluminum container. This container is not painted which reduces the original cost of the container, environmental hazardous waste, and the lifecycle costs of the container. FMC #3 is a bottom opening container, similar to a butter dish design. The fins sit on their aft end in the base of the container, this allows the user to easily prepare the fin for placement on the bomb.

The old containers for the BSU/49 Airfoil Group and BSU/50 Airfoil Group were painted single walled steel containers with the reinforcements on the outside of the container (CNU 335A/E and CNU 336A/E). The new containers uses CNU 534/E with its own unique cushioning system to hold the 12 BSU/49 fins in place (CNU 335B/E) or two (2) BSU/50 fins in place (CNU 336B/E) with its own unique cushioning system.

The old container for the MXU/650 Airfoil Group was a painted steel drum, similar to a 55 gallon drum that only holds one (1) fin and its associated accessories. The new container uses CNU 534/E with its own unique cushioning system to hold six (6) MXU/650 fins and their associated accessories in place (CNU 505/E).

MAN-HOURS: 2402

PREPARED BY:

PUBLICATION DATE:

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Evaluation Activity

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INTRODUCTION:

BACKGROUND:

An OO-ALC/MMW (presently OO-ALC/LIW) Process Action Team (PAT) came up with the idea to have a Family of Munition Containers (FMC) of three to six containers to replace most of the Air Force's 200 munition containers. OO-ALC realizing the potential of this idea initiated Productivity, Reliability, Availability, Maintainability (PRAM) project 21989-01. This report will deal with FMC number three (FMC #3), which is designed for the BSU/49, BSU/50 and MXU/650 Airfoil Groups, (fins). AFPEA's role was to design, fabricate, test and provide a Production Drawing Package to OO-ALC/LIW. FMC #3 is a bottom opening container, similar to a butter dish design. The fins sit on their aft end in the base of the container, this allows the user to easily prepare the fin for placement on the bomb, without having to move it out of the container or reorienting the fin.

The old containers for the BSU/49 Airfoil Group (CNU 335A/E) and BSU/50 Airfoil Group (CNU 336A/E) were painted single walled steel containers with the reinforcements on the outside of the container. The new containers uses the CNU 534/E with its own unique cushioning system to hold the 12 BSU/49 fins in place (CNU 335B/E) or two (2) BSU/50 fins in place (CNU 336B/E) with its own unique cushioning system.

The old container for the MXU/650 Airfoil Group was a painted steel drum, similar to a 55 gallon drum that only holds one fin and its associated accessories. The new container uses the CNU 534/E with its own unique cushioning system to hold six (6) MXU/650 fins in place and their associated accessories (CNU 505/E).

REOUIREMENTS:

AFPEA in union with OO-ALC/LIW developed a Statement of Work (SOW) for the design of the FMC. This was the tailoring of MIL-C-5584D, which was latter called the Design Criteria for Family Group of Munitions Containers. See Appendix 1 for the Design Criteria.

DESIGN:

The basic container without any cushioning is the Shipping and Storage Container CNU 534/E. This is a welded aluminum, controlled breathing, reusable container. The base is a one piece skid/double walled base extrusion with forklift openings, humidity indicator, pressure relief valve and desiccant port for easy replacement of desiccant (the desiccant controls dehumidification). A silicone rubber gasket and quick release latches create a seal at the base, lid interface. The lid is a single sheet of aluminum fit into channels in the corner post extrusions and the lid extrusion. Stacking pads on the lid allow stacking of like containers up to 16 feet in height. The

container is not painted which reduces the container's original cost, environmental hazardous waste, and the life-cycle cost of the container (see Appendix 3, figures 1 and 2).

The container for the BSU/49 Airfoil Group (BSU/49 fins) is the Shipping and Storage Container CNU 335B/E. This uses the CNU 534/E with a shock and vibration isolation system provided by a 3.6 pound per cubic foot (pcf) polyethylene base cushion, and a 2.0 pcf polyethylene top cushion(see Appendix 3, figures 9, 10 and 11).

The container for the BSU/50 Airfoil Group (BSU/50 fins) is the Shipping and Storage Container CNU 336B/E. The shock and vibration isolation system is similar to that used for the BSU/49 fins, with the CNU 534/E (see Appendix 3, figures 6, 7 and 8).

The container for the MXU/650 Airfoil Group (MXU/650 fins) is the Shipping and Storage Container CNU 505/E. The shock and vibration isolation system is similar to that used for the BSU/49 fins, with the CNU 534/E (see Appendix 3, figures 3, 4 and 5).

TESTING:

TEST SPECIMEN:

AFPEA fabricated two CNU 534/E prototype containers in house for testing (see Appendix 3, figures 1 and 2). The prototype containers were fabricated IAW all the requirements and tolerances of the container drawing package. The same drawing package that will be released, with some improvements, for the manufacture of production quantities of the container. Each face of the container was marked with a number for testing identification (see Appendix 3, figure 12).

The CNU 335B/E for the BSU/49 fins consists of the CNU 534/E container with the cushioning system as described above; likewise for the CNU 336B/E for the BSU/50 fins and the CNU 505/E for the MXU/650 fins.

TEST LOAD:

The test load consisted of the actual BSU/49, BSU/50 or MXU/650 fins and associated accessories as needed for the configuration. The CNU 335B/E holds 12 of the BSU/49 fins (see Appendix 3, figures 10 and 11). The CNU 336B/E holds two (2) of the BSU/50 fins (see Appendix 3, figures 7 and 8). The CNU 505/E holds six (6) of the MXU/650 fins, drums and fiberboard boxes holding airfoils and attachment hardware (see Appendix 3, figures 4 and 5).

TEST PLAN:

The test plan was designed, (IAW the Design Criteria for Family Group of Munitions Containers, MIL-C-5584, MIL-STD-648 and FED-STD-101), to qualify the CNU 335B/E for the BSU/49 fins, the CNU 336B/E for the BSU/50 fins and the CNU 505/E for the MXU/650 fins, for transportation and storage in a world-wide environment.

The test plan includes all test procedures, test equipment, and pass/fail performance criteria. See Appendix 2 for the complete test plan.

OUALIFICATION TESTS:

The prototype container passed all the tests in the CNU 505/E configuration for the MXU/650 fins. Then the same container was used in the CNU 336B/E configuration for the BSU/50 fins for the Rough Handling Tests, (tests 11 and 13), at high and low temperatures, and the vibration tests, (tests 15 and 17). This container was then used in the CNU 335B/E configuration for the BSU/49 fins for the Rough Handling Tests, (tests 11 and 13), at high and low temperatures, and the vibration tests, (tests 15 and 17). After all these tests were completed on the same container, an unofficial leak test, (identical to test 4), was conducted and the container passed.

The project engineer discussed the dents, scrapes, and punctured boxes with the OO-ALC/LIW program manager. The program manager stated the fins were like a hammer, and it did not matter if they received superficial damage (i.e.: scrapped paint or small dents. The objective is to keep the container design simple while satisfying the users needs of orientation and maintainability.

DISCUSSION:

The container cover forklift handles were replaced with tie-down rings due to the results of test 7c, and the recommendation of the test engineer. The user will now be able to lift the cover off of the container base by using a chain or strap between the two tie-down rings on the container cover. Due to the results of tests 6 and 7 the container cover lift test using the tie-down rings were not retested.

After all the testing was completed, an inspection reveled that the cause of the problems observed in the vibration tests were most likely due to the gap between the polyethylene top cushion and the container lid. This gap would allow the fins to freely bounce, in a vertical direction, inside the container. though all the results of the tests were acceptable the cushioning was changed to add a soft polyurethane cushion between the top cushion and the container lid. This will insure that the cushioning material is always in compression, and no gap exists between the cushioning and the container lid. Due to this being an improvement over the tested configuration, this improvement The source of this gap was found to be a large was not tested. tolerance buildup due to the way the extrusions were dimensioned, and the tolerances used in the drawing package. This tolerance buildup was reduced by changing the dimensioning of the extrusions, and reducing the tolerances on the piece parts and assemblies where possible. These improvements were put into the drawing packages for the BSU/49, BSU/50 and the MXU/650 fins.

APPENDIX 1

DESIGN CRITERIA
FOR
FAMILY OF MUNITIONS CONTAINERS

DESIGN CRITERIA

FOR

A FAMILY OF MUNITION CONTAINERS

1. The Air Force Packaging and Evaluation Agency (AFPEA) will design three specific containers following the applicable military standards for container design requirements as well as user and program manager in puts. The below listed sizes have been determined by the program manager along with specific design specifications as listed in the following paragraphs.

		INTERNAL DIN	MENSIONS	
SIZE	LENGTH	WIDTH	HEIGHT	ITEM MAX WEIGHT
1	12	8	9	25 lb.
2	20.5	16.5	14	150 lb. CNTR GROSS WT.
3	49	38	33	675 lb.
* 4	100	39	26	2,000 lb.
** 5	180	45	23	Unknown

^{*} Use CNU-411/E for this container.

2. These containers will be designed for the maximum load weight and/or items in each container as indicated:

SIZE ITEM

- 1 Design to maximum content weight.
- 2 Design to maximum content weight.
- 3 BSU 49/50 and MXU 650 Airfoil Group.
- 4 Use CNU-411 container for CBU 87/89, SUU 30-type, Mk 20, and similar type/size CBU munitions.
- 5 Use CNU 407 type container for all present and or future air to air missiles or other air

^{**} Use the new AUR missile container.

munitions.

- 3. The Family of Munition Containers shall be designed in accordance with MIL-C-5584D and options in MIL-C-5584.
 - A. Par. 1.2; Classification.

Sizes 1, 2, 4, and 5 Type II - Horizontal Mount

Size 3 Type I - Vertical Mount

- B. Par. 3.2; First article. One container of each size (1, 2, and 3) shall be provided for first article testing, for each container design. A second container of each design shall be provided after completion of first article testing.
- C. Par. 3.4; Design and construction. These containers shall be designed in metric units in accordance with Public Law 94-168, as amended by Public Law 100-418.
 - D. Par. 3.4.2.2; Cure date on shock isolation system. This applies to rubber products only.
- E. Par. 3.4.3.1; Desiccant receptacle. Container sizes 2 and 3 shall have desiccant receptacles. Container 1 would not have a desiccant receptacle because of its small size. If required, desiccant can be placed inside container 1 by removing the cover then resealing.
- F. Par. 3.4.3.2; Humidity indicator. A humidity indicator shall be provided on sizes 2 and 3. Note: A humidity indicator card may always be placed inside container size 1.
- G. Par. 3.4.3.3; Pressure equalizing valve. All containers shall have a pressure relief/equalizing valve, with the following characteristics:

Cracking Pressure = 1.0 to 1.5 PSID Full Open Pressure = 2.5 PSID Reseal Pressure ≥ 0.5 PSID

Minimum Flow Rate (cubic feet/minute) = Vc * (0.12) Vc = Volume of the Container (cubic feet) Ref. MIL-V-27166, Par. 3.6.3

- H. Par. 3.4.3.4; Visual inspection ports. N/A
- I. Par. 3.4.3.5; Air filling valve. An air filling valve will be provided on containers 1, 2, and 3.
 - J. Par. 3.4.3.6; Record receptacle. N/A
 - K. Par. 3.4.3.7; Drain plug. N/A

- L. Par. 3.4.3.8; Fuel leak detector. N/A
- M. Par. 3.4.4; Handling provisions. Investigate the use of spring loaded handles on container 1.
 - N. Par. 3.6.1; Item testing/inspection. N/A
 - O. Par. 3.6.2; Item uploading. N/A
 - P. Par. 3.6.3; Installation time. N/A
- Q. Par. 3.6.5; Shock transmission. Container 3, BSU 49, 50 and MXU 650 fins, require physical and mechanical protection only. The other container designs require testing to the maximum weight, therefore, shock transmission is not a concern.
- R. Par. 3.6.5.1; UN drop test. Container sizes 1 and 2 shall be tested to category A, at the maximum weight, unless actual items are used.
- S. Par. 3.6.8; Size and weight. The containers shall be designed to the internal sizes and for the weights specified in paragraphs 1 and 2 above.
- T. Par. 3.9.1; Aluminum. The container shall be treated as defined in 1 below. An alternate method of finishing aluminum products shall be as specified in 2 below.
- (1) The exterior of the container shall be bead blasted with plastic media. NOTE: this is pending MAJCOM's approval.
 - (2) The painting of aluminum shall be as follows:

Aluminum surfaces shall be cleaned, pretreated, primed and painted in accordance with MIL-STD-171E. Cleaning shall be in accordance with Finish 5.2, MIL-STD-171E. The container shall have an immersion cleaning in accordance with TT-C-490C(1), Method III, Type III, then rinsed, followed by a force drying. This shall be followed by a spray application of wash primer DOD- P-15328D(1). Priming and finish shall be in accordance with Finish 20.9, MIL-STD-171E, see Section 5.3 of MIL-STD-171E. The primer used shall meet the requirements of MIL-P-23377F, followed with two (2) coats of topcoat TT-E-515A(1).

- U. Par. 3.12; Installation instructions. N/A
- V. Par. 4.7.7.1 & 4.7.7.2; Vibration tests will not be conducted unless the actual/dummy load is being tested. When testing to a maximum weight per container vibration tests will not be required.
 - W. Para. 4.7.5.2; Latch strength for containers 1 and 2 shall be 500 lbs.

APPENDIX 2

TEST PLAN

	AIR FC	RCE PACK (CONT		EVALUATI TEST PLA		ITY		AFPEA PR 90-P-122		NUMBER	:
INTER	ER SIZE (I IOR: 9x 34.5 52	EXTERIO	R:	WEIGHT GROSS:		CUBE (CU.F	T)	QUANTITY	:	DATE:	93
ITEM NAM				650		MANUFACTUR Prototype		PEA		II MAI	92
CONTAINE	· ·					110000;pc		INER COST	·*		
	SCRIPTION:				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			-			
CONDITION As noted											
TEST NO. AN											
t di	CNU config and CNU-50 the CNU-50 After test conducted the BSU/50 #17 shall bomb fins) are tests	urations 5/E for 5 5/E conf. \$21 is 6 for the 6 bomb fin be run for to test 6 e contain	, CNU- the MX igurat conduc CNU-33 ns). or the ests b the fi ner.	335 B/F f M/650. ion (i.e. ted, tes 6 B/E con After the CNU/335 eeing run in restra Any fail	Tests #4 Tests #4 Tests #4 Tests #4 Tests #6 Tests	be used to SU/49, CNU- through #2 d with the 13, #15, an on (i.e.: 1 s are compl iguration (CNU-335B/F em. These he containe ria for fai	336 B/E: 1 will MXU/65 d #17 oaded eted t i.e.: and CN tests r shal	for the be condu to bomb fi will be with ests #11, loaded with to 336 B/E are not b	BSU/5 cted ns). #13, th th confi eing ribut	#15, and the BSU/40 guration run	9
PREPAREI				5-1	APPROVED	BY:		·			
	. Steiger,		4			s, Chief, D	esign	Br., AFPE	A		

AFALD FORM 4

		KAGING EVALUATION ACTIV	/ITY		AFPEA P		NUMBER:
INT	INER SIZE (LxWxD)(II ERIOR: EXTERIO 39x 34.5 52x 42.5x	OR: GROSS: ITEM:	CUBE (CU.)	TT)	QUANTIT	Y:	DATE: 11 MAY 92
ITEM I	NAME: Fins: BSU/49, BSU/50), MXU/650	MANUFACTUR Prototype		PEA		
	INER NAME: 3353/E, CNU-336 B/E,	CNU-505/E		CONTA	INER COST	r:	,
Į.	DESCRIPTION:						
	rioning: ted below.						
TEST NO.	NO. AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S ORIENTATION MENTATION						
1.	EXAMINATION OF PRO (4.7.1)* (4.8)	Container/drawings she examined to determine mance with materials Table I of MIL-C-5584 ment of Work dated 28 and drawings, including container cushion con (see note page 1)	confor- design, , State- Aug 91, ng each	fully assem- Visual bled Inspec container (V			
2.	WEIGHT TEST (4.7.10)	Container lid weight determined. Containe weight shall be determined contained weight shall be determined to the determi	r base mined. iner	bled contag	assem- iner lid ase both cushions	Scal	e
3.	FORM AND FIT TEST (4.7.3)	Install and remove ite accordance with the inion and removal instruction container shall be inspected for form and	nstallat- uctions.	ambier	nt		VI
COMMEN *		sis () refer to paragra	aphs in MIL	-C-5584	D.		
PREPAR James	ED BY: T. Steiger, Mechani	APPROVED Ted Hinds	BY: s, Chief, Do	esign B	or., AFPE	A	

AFALD FORM 4

PAGE: 2 OF: 11

	AIR FORCE PACK	AGING EVALUATI AINER TEST PLA		TITY		AFPEA PR		NUMBER:	
INTE	INER SIZE (LxWxD)(INERIOR: EXTERIOR: 52x 42.5x	R: GROSS:		CUBE (CU.F	T)	QUANTITY	:	DATE:	
ITEM N	NAME: Fins: BSU/49, BSU/50	, MXU/650		MANUFACTUR Prototype		PEA			
	Iner name: 335 <i>3/ē,</i> cnu–336 <i>B/Ē,</i>	CNU-505/E			CONTA	INER COST	::	r.	
	DESCRIPTION:								
	rioning: ed below.		·						
TEST REF STD/SPEC TEST TITLE AND PARAMETERS CONTAINER INSTRU NO. AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S CRIENTATION MENTATION									
4.	LEAK TEST FED-STD-101 Method 5009 (4.7.2)	Pneumatic pressure at 1.500 PSI and vacuum retention at 1.500 med in ambient condition from compressest duration. Pressure at 1.500 PSI med in ambient condition from compressed air supply/vacuum pump.					Water Manometer (WM) or Pressure Transducer (PT)		
5. STAND-OFF TEST (4.7.5.1) Place load of one times the cover weight on the cover. The cover shall not deform or deflect. Slide cover on stand-offs five feet in each of four different directions. There shall be no damage to sealing surface or stand-offs. Place via container cover on a concrete floor resting on the stand-offs.								VI	
COMMEN	ITS:								
	RED BY: T. Steiger, Mechani	cal Engineer	APPROVED	BY: ls, Chief, D	esign	Br., AFPE	:A		

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		KAGING EVALUATION ACTIVITATION TEST PLAN)	/ITY	:	AFPEA P: 90-P-12:		NUMBER:
INT	INER SIZE (LxWxD)(II ERIOR: EXTERIO 39x 34.5 52x 42.5x	OR: GROSS: ITEM:	CUBE (CU.F	T)	QUANTIT	Y:	DATE:
ITEM I	NAME: Fins: BSU/49, BSU/50), MXU/650	MANUFACTUR Prototype		PEA		
1	INER NAME: 335 <i>B/E,</i> CNU-336 <i>B/E,</i>	CNU-505/E		CONTA	INER COS	r:	
(DESCRIPTION:						
	rioning: ted below.						
TEST NO.	REF STD/SPEC AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S	TEST TITLE AND PARA	METERS		AINER TATION		NSTRU NTATION
6. a.	HOISTING STRENGTH MIL-STD-648 Para. 5.8.5 (4.7.4)	TEST Single Ring Hoisting Hoist container at on point and leave hangi five min. There shal damage or permanent d This test shall be pe on each lifting ring.	e lift ng for l be no eformation rformed	ambie	nt		VI
b.	MIL-STD-648 Para 5.8.3 (4.7.4)	Four Ring Hoisting Te Hoist container loade times the gross weigh single container by a points simultaneously hanging for five min. shall be no damage or deformation. (Load i approximately 5000 Lb	d to five t of a ll lift and leave There permanent s	ambie	nt		VI
c.	MIL-STD-648 Para 5.8.4 (4.7.4)	Tiedown Strength Test Apply load at an angl degrees downward from zontal and simultaneo degrees out-board fro container surface. (is approximately 3000	e of 45 hor- usly 45 m the The load	ambie	nt		VI
COMMEN	TS:						
	ED BY: T. Steiger, Mechani	cal Engineer Ted Hind	BY: s, Chief, De	esign I	Br., AFPE	A	

	AIR FORCE PACK (CONT	AGING EVALUAT		/ITY		AFPEA P		NUMBER:
INTE	INER SIZE (LxWxD)(INERIOR: EXTERIOR: S2x 42.5x	R: GROSS:	(LBS)	CUBE (CU.E	TT)	QUANTIT	Y:	DATE:
ITEM N Bomb F	NAME: Fins: BSU/49, BSU/50	, MXU/650		MANUFACTUR Prototype		'PEA		
	INER NAME: 335 <i>8/E,</i> CNU-336 <i>B/E,</i>	CNU-505/E			CONTA	INER COS	r:	
	DESCRIPTION:	·						
	TIONING: ced below.							
TEST NO.	REF STD/SPEC AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S	TEST TITLE	AND PARA	AMETERS		TAINER STATION	1	INSTRU ENTATION
7. a.	COVER HANDLE PULL	Apply a force cover handle straight up, and to each Load shall be a nominal two strap. There	cly a force of 250 Lbs. on a ambient ver handle in four directions raight up, straight out, it to each side of the handle. In additional two inch wide fabric cap. There shall be no mage or permanent deformation			ent ,	Load Cell VI	
b.	(4.7.4.1)	Lift cover by a hoist or s There shall permanent de	ling for be no dar	five min.	ambie	ent		VI
c.		Lift cover by handle using Cover shall min. There or permanent	a forkli be lifted shall be	ift. I for five no damage	ambie	ent		VI
СОММЕ	NTS:							العداد الدواد الدوا
	RED BY: T. Steiger, Mechani	cal Engineer	APPROVEI	D BY: ds, Chief, E	esign	Br., AFP	EA	

PAGE: 5 OF: 11

		RAGING EVALUATION ACTIVE TAINER TEST PLAN)	/ITY		AFPEA PR 90-P-122		NUMBER:
INT	INER SIZE (LxWxD)(IR ERIOR: EXTERIO 39x 34.5 52x 42.5x	OR: GROSS: ITEM:	CUBE (CU.)	FT)	QUANTITY	•	DATE: 29 APR 9
ITEM :	NAME: Fins: BSU/49, BSU/50), MXU/650	MANUFACTUI Prototype		PEA		
	INER NAME: 3358/£, CNU-336 <i>B/£</i> ,	CNU-505/E		CONTA	INER COST	•	
	DESCRIPTION:			<u> </u>			
	TIONING: ted below.						
TEST NO.	REF STD/SPEC AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S	TEST TITLE AND PARA	METERS	CONTA	LINER CATION		NSTRU NTATION
8. a.	STACKING TEST FED-STD-101 Method 5016 S = 2.0 (4.7.6.1)	A prescribed load (W) applied to the top of container, in a manne simulating the stacki similar containers. shall remain for a mi of one hour. (W is approximately 7	the r ng of This load nimum	ambien a flat rigid	, level		VI
b.	FED-STD-101 Method 5017 S = 2.0 (4.7.6.1)	A load of 100 lbs/sqr be distributed over t surface of the contai This load shall remai minimum of one hour.	he top ner.	ambien a flat rigid	, level		VI
9. a.	HANDLING TEST FED-STD-101 Method 5011.1 Para. 6.2 (4.7.5)	Forklift Handling Tes Run test as stated in 6.2 of Method 5011.1.		ambien	t		VI
b.	FED-STD-101 Method 5011.1 Para. 6.5 (4.7.5)	Pushing Test. Run test as stated in Para. 6.5 of Method 5011.1.		ambien	t		VI
COMMEN	ITS:						
	ED BY: T. Steiger, Mechani	APPROVED Ted Hind	BY: s, Chief, D	esign B	r., AFPE	<u> </u>	

		(AGING EVALUATION ACTIV PAINER TEST PLAN)	VITY		AFPEA PI 90-P-122		NUMBER:
INT	INER SIZE (LxWxD)(IN ERIOR: EXTERIO 39x 34.5 52x 42.5x	OR: GROSS: ITEM:	CUBE (CU.E	T)	QUANTITY	?:	DATE:
ITEM I	NAME: Fins: BSU/49, BSU/50), MXU/650	MANUFACTUR Prototype		PEA	l	
	INER NAME: 335 <i>B/E,</i> CNU-336 <i>B/E,</i>	CNU-505/E		CONTA	INER COST	: :	
	DESCRIPTION: num Container						
	rioning: ted below.						
TEST NO.	REF STD/SPEC AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S	TEST TITLE AND PARA	ameters		AINER TATION	ł	NSTRU NTATION
9. c.	HANDLING TEST FED-STD-101 Method 5011.1 Para. 6.6 (4.7.5)	Towing Test. Run test as stated in Para. 6.6 of Method 5011.1.	ambient			VI	
10.	LEAK TEST FED-STD-101 Method 5009 (4.7.2)	Pneumatic pressure at PSI. After temperatustabilization, 0.025 leakage allowed over minute test duration.	re PSI 30	Test perf. in ambient cond. from comp. air supply pump.			WM or PT VI
11. a.	ROUGH HANDLING TES FED-STD-101 Method 5005 (4.7.7.2.1) (4.7.8)	TS (High Temperature + Cornerwise-drop (rota Test. Condition at + for not less than 24 Drop height 24".	tional) -140 F	One di		ite bo	
b.	FED-STD-101 Method 5008 (4.7.7.2.2) (4.7.8)	Edgewise-drop (rotati Test. Condition at + for not less than 24 Drop height 24".	-140 F	adjac	m edges.'	Tota]	VI L of
c.	FED-STD-101 Method 5012 (4.7.7.2.3) (4.7.8)	Pendulum-Impact Test. Condition at +165 F. shock mitigation syst of test shall be +140	Temp. of em at time	a side	mpact on e and an Total o impacts		VI nocouples
COMMEN * T		site those covered in	test 13.				
	RED BY: T. Steiger, Mechani	APPROVED Ted Hind		esign 1	Br., AFPE	A	

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PAGE: 7 OF: 11

					T		
AIR FORCE	PACKAGING EVA		CIVITY		90-P-12		r number:
CONTAINER SIZE (Lxwx INTERIOR: EX	• •	EIGHT (LBS) ROSS: ITEM:	CUBE (CU	.FT)	QUANTIT	Y:	DATE:
48.4x 39x 34.5 52x 4	2.5x 40.5		51.8				11 MAY 92
ITEM NAME: Bomb Fins: BSU/49, B	SU/50, MXU/650)	MANUFACT Prototy	URER: pe by AF	PEA		
CONTAINER NAME: CNU-335B/E, CNU-336	<i>B/E,</i> CNU-505/E	2		CONTA	INER COS	T:	
PACK DESCRIPTION: Aluminum Container		·					
CONDITIONING: As noted below.							
TEST REF STD/SPEC TEST TITLE AND PARAMETERS CONTAINER INSTRU NO. AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S ORIENTATION MENTATION							
11. c. Continued		F). Impact (drop heig			•		
12. LEAK TEST FED-STD-101 Method 5009 (4.7.2)	PSI. Af stabiliz leakage	Pneumatic pressure at 1.500 PSI. After temperature stabilization, 0.025 PSI leakage allowed over 30 minute test duration. Test perf. in ambient cond. from comp.					WM or PT VI
13. ROUGH HANDLING a. FED-STD-101 Method 5005 (4.7.7.2.1) (4.7.8)	Cornerwi Test. C	se-drop (roondition at than 24 hor	tational) -20 F for	One d		site be	
b. FED-STD-101 Method 5008 (4.7.7.2.2) (4.7.8)	Test. C	-drop (rotation at than 24 hought 24".	-20 F for	adjace	rop on ent m edges. rops**	Tota]	VI l of
c. FED-STD-101 Pendulum-Impact Test. Method 5012 Condition at -65 F. Temp. of a side and an shock mitigation system at time of test shall be -20 F (+0/-10 F). Impact velocity 7 ft/sec (drop height 9") One impact on a side and an end. Total of two impacts**							
COMMENTS: ** These drops are o	pposite those	covered in	test 11.				
PREPARED BY: James T. Steiger, Mec	hanical Engine	APPROVE Ted Hir		Design E	Br., AFPE	A	

		AGING EVALUATION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION ACTIVATION (ACTIVATION)	VITY		AFPEA PR 90-P-122		NUMBER:	
INTE	INER SIZE (LxWxD)(INERIOR: EXTERIO 39x 34.5 52x 42.5x	R: GROSS: ITEM:	CUBE (CU.)	PT)	QUANTITY	:	DATE: 29 APR 92	
ITEM N	NAME: Fins: BSU/49, BSU/50	, мхи/650	MANUFACTUR Prototype		PEA	···- ·	<u> </u>	
	INER NAME: 335 B/E, CNU-336 B/E,	CNU-505/E		CONTA	INER COST	::		
	DESCRIPTION:							
	TIONING: ced below.				·			
TEST NO.	REF STD/SPEC AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S	TEST TITLE AND PARA	AMETERS	1	AINER FATION	_	INSTRU ENTATION	
14.	LEAK TEST FED-STD-101 Method 5009 (4.7.2)	Pneumatic pressure at 1.500 Test per stabilization, 0.025 PSI from control leakage allowed over 30 from pump.				WM or PT VI		
15.	VIBRATION - RESONA MIL-STD-648 Para 5.3.2 (4.7.7.1)	NCE DWELL TEST Input excitation of (double amplitude or ; ever is less. Sweep logarithmically from for 7.5 min. then dwe at resonance frequence Transmissibility shall exceed 5 at the resonance	lG which- approx. 5 to 50 Hz ⇒11 30 min cy. Ll not	1	h iner to	acce	eaxial elerometers mocouples	
16.	Leak Test FED-STD-101 Method 5009 (4.7.2)	Pneumatic pressure at PSI. After temperatustabilization, 0.025 leakage allowed over minute test duration	ire PSI 30	•	_		WM or PT VI	
COMMEN	l	<u></u>				<u> </u>		
	RED BY: T. Steiger, Mechani	cal Engineer Ted Hind	D BY: ds, Chief, I	Design 1	Br., AFPE	EA .		

	AIR FORCE PACKAGING EVALUATION ACTIVITY (CONTAINER TEST PLAN) AFPEA PROJECT NUMBER: 90-P-122						
INT	INER SIZE (LxWxD)(II ERIOR: EXTERIOR: 39x 34.5 52x 42.5x	OR: GROSS: ITEM:	CUBE (CU.)	PT)	TITMAUQ	Y:	DATE:
ITEM Bomb	NAME: Fins: BSU/49, BSU/50), MXU/650	MANUFACTUR Prototype		PEA		
	CONTAINER NAME: CNU-3358/E, CNU-3368/E, CNU-505/E CNU-3358/E, CNU-3368/E, CNU-505/E						
	DESCRIPTION: num Container						
	TIONING: ted below.					•	
TEST NO.	REF STD/SPEC AND TEST METHOD OR PROCEDURE NO'S	TEST TITLE AND PARA	METERS		AINER TATION		NSTRU NTATION
17.	VIBRATION - REPETI FED-STD-101 Method 5019 (4.7.7.3)	TIVE SHOCK TEST Test for not less the hours as stated in FE 101, Method 5019, Par	D-STD-				xial lerometers VI
18.	LEAK TEST FED-STD-101 Method 5009 (4.7.2)	Pneumatic pressure at PSI. After temperatu stabilization, 0.025 leakage allowed over minute test duration.	re PSI		-		WM or PT VI
19.	STACKED PENDULUM-I MIL-STD-648 Para 5.2.7.1 (4.7.6.2)	MPACT TEST One impact shall be meach end of the bottom container at 7 ft/sec containers with MXU/6 fins.	n . Load	-			
20.	FED-STD-101 Pneumatic pressure at 1.500 Test pe			_		WM or PT VI	
COMMEN	COMMENTS:						
PREPARED BY: James T. Steiger, Mechanical Engineer Ted Hinds, Chief, Design Br., AFPEA							

AIR FORCE PACKAGING EVALUATION ACTIVITY (CONTAINER TEST PLAN) AFPEA PROJECT NUMBER: 90-P-122									
INTE	INER SIZE (LxWxD)(INERIOR: EXTERIOR: 39x 34.5 52x 42.5x	R: GROSS:	(LBS)	CUBE (CU.F	PT)	QUANTITY: DATE:			92
ITEM N	NAME: Fins: BSU/49, BSU/50	, MXU/650	<u>-I</u>	MANUFACTUR Prototype		'PEA		<u> </u>	
	CONTAINER NAME: CNU-335B/E, CNU-336B/E, CNU-505/E CONTAINER COST:								
1	DESCRIPTION:								
	CIONING: ed below.				,		·		
TEST REF STD/SPEC TEST TITLE AND PARAMETERS CONTAINER INSTRUMENTATION PROCEDURE NO'S CONTAINER ORIENTATION									
21. a.	STRUCTURAL PRESSUR MIL-STD-648 Para 5.5.2	Container sh to 3.0 PSI. shall not fa or catastrop loss of pres permanent de	Container shall be pressurized to 3.0 PSI. The container shall not fail in a dangerous or catastrophic manner (i.e.: loss of pressure and/or permanent deformation is acceptable).			ent		ssure ssducer	
b.	MIL-STD-648 · Para 5.5.3	1				ssure			
COMMENTS:									
PREPARED BY: James T. Steiger, Mechanical Engineer APPROVED BY: Ted Hinds, Chief, Design Br., AFPEA									

AFALD FORM 4

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APPENDIX 3 QUALIFICATION TEST REPORT

KEITH A. VOSSLER

Mechanical Engineer

Autovon 787-4519

Commercial (513) 257-4519

FAMILY OF MUNITIONS CONTAINER NUMBER 3. CNU 534/E with CNU-335B/E, CNU-336B/E, and CNU-505/E CONFIGURATIONS

HQ AFMC/LGTP
AIR FORCE PACKAGING EVALUATION ACTIVITY
WRIGHT-PATTERSON AFB, OH 45433-5999
FEBRUARY 1993

INTRODUCTION

The objective of this test series was to qualify the Family of Munitions Container Number 3, CNU-534/E, for production release by HQ AFMC/LGTP. The three container configurations passed the prescribed container test plan.

CONTAINER DESCRIPTION

The Family of Munitions Container Number 3, CNU-534/E, is a medium sized, sealed aluminum container (Figure 1). The container consists of a cover and a short base (Figure 2). Maximum outer container dimensions are 52 inches length, 42.5 inches width, and 40.5 inches depth.

There are three CNU-534/E container configurations. The CNU-505/E configuration holds six (6) MXU/650 bomb fins, drums, and fiberboard boxes (Figures 3, 4, 5). The CNU-336B/E configuration holds two (2) BSU/50 bomb fins (Figures 6, 7, and 8). The CNU-335B/E configuration holds twelve (12) BSU/49, bomb fins (Figures 9, 10, and 11).

A cover and base cushion molded of expanded polyethylene foam was designed for each specific configuration. The aft end of the fins are placed on the container base cushion with the fin forward end accessible to the user. The cover cushion is placed on the forward end of the fins.

TEST PROCEDURE

The CNU-534/E Container was tested in accordance with the Air Force Packaging Evaluation Activity (AFPEA) Test Plan, Project Number 90-P-122, dated 11 MAY 92. The AFPEA Test Project Number was 92-P-114. The test plan referenced MIL-C-5584D, MIL-STD-648A, and FED-STD-101C.

The test methods constitute both the procedure for performing the tests and performance criteria for evaluation of container acceptability. The tests are commonly applied to special shipping containers providing shock and vibration protection to sensitive items. The tests were performed at AFPEA, Wright-Patterson AFB, OH 45433.

Test Sequences 1 through 3 were performed on all three container configurations. Tests Sequences 4 through 21 were then performed with the CNU-534/E outer container using the CNU-505/E configuration with the MXU/650 bomb fins.

After Test Sequence 21, Test Sequences 11, 13, 15, and 17 were

repeated with the same CNU-534/E outer container using the CNU-336B/E configuration with the BSU/50 bomb fins.

Test Sequences 11, 13, 15, and 17 were then repeated again with the same CNU-534/E outer container using the CNU-335B/E configuration with the BSU/49 bomb fins.

The actual sequence of testing is presented in Appendix A.

The test sequences repeated with the CNU-335B/E and the CNU-336B/E configurations were designed to test the fin restraint systems (cover and base cushions) and were not considered additional structural testing of the CNU-534/E configuration (aluminum cover and base).

The container was inspected for interior and exterior damage after each test sequence. Inspection included container surfaces and structures, fin, cushion, and contents (if applicable).

CONTAINER FACE IDENTIFICATION

The correlation between numbered and designated container sides is as follows (Figure 12):

Numbered Side	Designated Side
1 2	Top Forward
3	Bottom
$\frac{3}{4}$	Aft (Desiccant Port)
5	Left
6	Right

TEST SEQUENCES

TEST SEQUENCE 1 - MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.1, Examination of Product, and 4.8, <u>Inspection of Packaging</u>.

A visual inspection of the container was made. The container was equipped with a pressure relief valve, Schrader 645E6 valve, humidity indicator, desiccant port, 10 latches, 4 hoisting/tie-down rings, 4 cover handles (manual lift), 2 forklift cover handles, 4 cover stacking pads, and skids.

Container workmanship was visually examined. The container was free of defects that would affect strength, durability, safety or serviceability. Container welds appeared uniform and the container was smooth and free of sharp or jagged edges.

Container color, finish, marking, identification, installation

instructions, and drawings were not examined and inspection of packaging was not performed.

TEST SEQUENCE 2 - MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.10, Weight Test.

The following equipment was utilized:

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Ser#</u>	<u>Cal Exp</u>
Scale	Howe	A057229	01MAY93
Scale	Howe	A057232	01MAY93

The CNU-534/E and each container configuration and its components were weighted (pounds).

Container Designation	<u>Fin</u> Designatio	<u>n</u>	<u>Fin</u> Weight	<u>Cush:</u> <u>Cover</u>	ioning <u>Base</u>	<u>Total</u> C <u>ontainer</u> <u>Weight</u>
CNU-335B/E CNU-336B/E CNU-505/E	BSU/49 BSU/50 MXU/650		54.50 98.25 94.75	10.25 6.75 10.00	11.5 11.5 12.5	940.75 479.75 856.00
	COMPONENT	Weig	ht			
CNU-534/E CNU-534/E	Base Cover	120 144	-			

^{*} Includes Box and Drum

TEST SEQUENCE 3 - MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.3, Form and Fit Test.

Each container configuration consisted of a different set of molded base and cover cushions. Each base cushion was placed in the container base and the appropriate fins (and hardware if necessary) were loaded in the container base. The cover cushion for each container configuration was placed on top of the fins. The cover was lowered manually (cover side handles) or with a forklift (handles on top of cover). The container closed and sealed for all configurations tested.

Each container configuration demonstrated interface compatibility with it's fin application. The pressure relief and Schrader valves, desiccant port, latches, hoisting/tie-down rings, and cover (manual and forklift) handles were examined and operated.

TEST SEQUENCE 4 - FED-STD-101C, Method 5009.3, <u>Leaks in Containers</u> and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.2, <u>Pressure Test</u>.

The following equipment and instrumentation was utilized:

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Ser#</u>	<u>Cal Exp</u>
Digital Manometer Vacuum/Pressure Pump	Yokogawa Gast Mfg	26555-22 MOA- P109-AA	82DJ6009 0485	11JUN93 N/A

The container pressure relief valve was removed and the relief valve hole used for attachment of the digital manometer and vacuum/pressure pump lines. The empty CNU-534/E Container was closed and sealed. The leak tests were conducted in accordance with FED-STD-101C, Method 5009.3, at ambient temperature and pressure.

The pneumatic pressure leak technique (Figure 13) was utilized and the container pressurized to 1.50 pounds per square inch (psi). The container leak rate was 0.028 psi/hour (psi/hr) which was less than the maximum allowable leakage rate of 0.05 psi/hr (reference Test Plan).

The vacuum retention leak technique was utilized and the container evacuated to -1.50 psi. The container leak rate was 0.025 psi/hr which was less than the maximum allowable leakage rate of 0.05 psi/hr (reference Test Plan).

TEST SEQUENCES FOR THE CNU-534/E CONTAINER UTILIZING THE CNU-505/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE MXU/650 FINS

The CNU-505/E configuration was placed in the CNU-534/E Container and loaded with the MXU/650 fins. All test sequences reference a loaded container. The Container Cover Side 6, rear latch (corner 236) pull down area (left of the latch) was sheared. This was repaired before testing resumed.

TEST SEQUENCE 4 - FED-STD-101C, Method 5009.3, <u>Leaks in Containers</u> and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.2, <u>Pressure Test</u>.

Reference Test Sequence 4 (Initial test description).

The container leak rate for 30 minutes was 0.021 psi (0.042 psi/hr) when the container was pressurized to 1.50 psi. This leak rate was less than the maximum allowable leakage rate of 0.05 psi/hr (reference Test Plan).

The vacuum retention leak technique was utilized and the

container evacuated to -1.50 psi. The container leak rate for 30 minutes was 0.020 (0.040 psi/hr). This leak rate was less than the maximum allowable leakage rate of 0.05 psi/hr (reference Test Plan).

TEST SEQUENCE 5 - MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.5.1, Cover Stand Off Test.

The container cover (resting on the container stand offs) was placed on a flat, level, rigid floor (Figure 14). A 297 pound load, representing at least twice the 120.5 pound gross container cover weight, was placed on top of the container cover.

The container cover and load were slid 5 feet across a concrete floor on the container stand offs in four different directions. The container stand offs and gasket sealing area did not deform or sustain damage.

TEST SEQUENCE 6 - MIL-STD-648A, 5.8 Hoisting Fitting and Tiedown Attachment Points, and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.4, Handling Provisions Test.

The following equipment was utilized:

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>	Ser#	<u>Cal Exp</u>
Forklift Truck 4000 lb Hoist	Mercury Coffing	4018 3 Ton	117774 SRD- 112-CP	N/A N/A
Scale Scale Tie-down Tester	Howe Howe AFPEA	N/A	A057229 A057232 N/A	01MAY93 01MAY93 N/A

TEST SEQUENCE 6A - MIL-STD-648A, 5.8.5, Single Hoisting Fitting Strength Test.

The container was lifted completely off the ground for 5 minutes by each hoisting/tie-down ring (total of four lifts, Figure 15). There was no damage or permanent deformation to the rings, lifting ring bars, or container sidewalls. The forklift truck was used to complete the test due to a hoist malfunction during testing.

TEST SEQUENCE 6B - MIL-STD-648A, 5.8.3, <u>Hoisting Fittings</u> <u>Strength Test</u>.

A 4293 pound load (including additional container base), representing at least five times the 856 pound gross container weight, was placed on the container.

The container was lifted completely off the ground for 5 minutes utilizing all four (4) hoisting/tie-down rings (Figure 16).

There was no damage or permanent deformation to the rings, lifting ring bars, or container sidewalls.

TEST SEQUENCE 6C - MIL-STD-648A, 5.8.4, Tie Down Strength Test.

The container was placed on the AFPEA tie-down tester. The minimum required tie down force was calculated to be 2574 pounds. A force in excess of this was applied by each hydraulic cylinder/load cell through chain looped through each hoisting/tie-down ring (Figure 17). The load was applied to each ring at an angle of 45° downward from the horizontal and simultaneously 45° outboard from the container surface. The test duration was one minute.

Due to the actual test sequence (reference Appendix A), an additional leak test was conducted after Test Sequence 6C.

LEAK TEST - FED-STD-101C, Method 5009.3, <u>Leaks in Containers</u> and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.2, <u>Pressure Test</u>.

Reference Test Sequence 4 (Initial test description).

The container leak rate was 0.046 psi/hr when the container was pressurized to 1.50 psi. This leak rate was less than the maximum allowable leakage rate of 0.05 psi/hr (reference Test Plan).

TEST SEQUENCE 7 - MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.4.1, Handle Strength Tests.

The following equipment and instrumentation was utilized:

Equipment	Manufacturer	<u>Model</u>	<u>Ser#</u>	Cal Exp
Forklift Truck 4000 lb Hoist	Mercury Coffing	3 Ton	117774 SRD- 112-CP	N/A N/A
Tie-down Tester	AFPEA	N/A	N/A	N/A

TEST SEQUENCE 7A

The container was placed on the AFPEA tie-down tester. The minimum required force was 250 pounds. A force in excess of this was applied by a hydraulic cylinder/load cell through a two-inch cargo strap looped through a cover (manual lift) handle (Figure 18). The load was applied vertically, straight out, and to each side of the handle. The test duration was one minute in each direction.

When the force was applied, the free end of the handle deflected 1/4 inch and returned to the normal position when the force was

released. The handle was still functional.

When the force was applied to stress the captured end of the handle, the handle bound up slightly so that it would not return to its free position without a slight force being applied. The handle was still functional.

No handle or supporting structure permanent deformation was observed.

TEST SEOUENCE 7B

One container cover handle (manual lift) was lifted by the forklift time hook attachment and held completely off the ground for five minutes (Figure 19). No deformation of the container cover handle or its supporting structure was noted.

TEST SEQUENCE 7C

One container cover forklift handle was lifted by a forklift tine and held completely off the ground for five minutes (Figure 20). The handle bowed slightly and the handle free end almost pulled out (Figure 21). No deformation of the container cover handle or its supporting structure was noted.

TEST SEQUENCE 8 - Stacking Tests.

The following equipment and instrumentation was utilized:

Equipment	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Ser#</u>	<u>Cal Exp</u>
Forklift Truck 4000 lb Scale Scale	Mercury Howe Howe	4018	117774 A057229 A057232	01MAY93

TEST SEQUENCE 8A - FED-STD-101C, Method 5016.1, Superimposed-Load Test (Stackability, With Dunnage), MIL-STD-648A, 5.7.2, Load Test (Stackability) Test, and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.6.1, Load Resistance.

The test was conducted in accordance with FED-STD-101C, Method 5016.1 with the constant "S" = 2.0 for the equation of Paragraph 6.1.

The container containing the MXU/650 fins, fiberboard boxes, and drums, was placed on a flat, level, rigid surface. An extra container base was placed upon the test container cover to simulate stacking of like containers. Wooden timbers were used as dunnage to distribute the load. A 7458 pound load (including

container base and timbers) was applied to simulate a stacking load on the container top (Figure 22).

The load remained in place for one hour. A visual inspection of the container was made when the load was removed. No container cover deformation was noted and the container contents showed no functional or physical damage. The stacking pads restricted relative displacement of the stacked containers.

TEST SEQUENCE 8B - FED-STD-101C, Method 5017, Superimposed-Load

Test (Uniformly Distributed, Without

Dunnage), and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.6.1, Load

Resistance.

The test was conducted in accordance with FED-STD-101C, Method 5017 with the constant "S" = 2.0 for the equation of Paragraph 6.1.

The container containing the MXU/650 fins, boxes, and drums, was placed on a flat, level, rigid surface. The test required a 100 pounds per square foot load (1534 pound total load) be distributed over the container top surface. Fifty pound lead blocks (1600 pounds total weight) were arranged in a symmetrical pattern to provide uniform loading per square foot of container top surface (Figure 23).

The load remained in place for one hour. When subjected to the superimposed loading, no container cover deformation was noted and the container contents showed no functional or physical damage.

TEST SEQUENCE 9 - FED-STD-101C, Method 5011.1, 6.0, Mechanical Handling Test (Forklift Truck) and MIL-C-5584D,, 4.7.5, Mechanical Handling Test.

The following equipment and instrumentation was utilized:

<u>Equipment</u> <u>Manufacturer Model Ser# Cal Exp</u>
Forklift Truck 4000 lb Mercury 4018 117774 N/A

TEST SEQUENCE 9A - FED-STD-101C, Method 5011.1, 6.2 <u>Lifting and Transporting</u>.

The test was conducted in accordance with FED-STD-101C, Method 5011.1, Paragraph 6.2.

The container containing the MXU/650 fins, boxes, and drums, was lifted on Container Side 6 by the forklift truck so that the container was clear of the ground (Figure 24). The container was transported on the forks (40 inches in length) in the tilt-back

position over the forklift course. The 100 foot course was traversed at walking speed and contained three sets of parallel 1×4 inch boards across the forklift truck's path.

The container was lowered to the ground and the forklift truck moved to Container End 2 and the container was again transported over the forklift course.

The container remained stable on the forklift times. Visual inspection revealed no external damage to the container.

TEST SEQUENCE 9B - FED-STD-101C, Method 5011.1, 6.5 Pushing.

The test was conducted in accordance with FED-STD-101C, Method 5011.1, Paragraph 6.5.

The container containing the MXU/650 fins, boxes, and drums, was pushed from Side 6 by the forklift truck. The forklift mast was vertical and the fork tines extended beneath, but were not supporting the container. The container was pushed 35 feet at a uniform speed over hard, dry pavement.

The forklift truck moved to End 2 and the container was again pushed 35 feet (Figure 25).

The container was lifted to examine the bottom of, the skids. visual inspection revealed no external damage to the container or its skids.

TEST SEQUENCE 9C - FED-STD-101C, Method 5011.1, 6.6 Towing.

The test was conducted in accordance with FED-STD-101C, Method 5011.1, Paragraph 6.6.

The container containing the MXU/650 fins, boxes, and drums, was towed from Side 6 by the forklift truck. A cargo strap was attached to the hoisting/tie-down rings on Side 6 (side towed) and looped through the forklift truck hitch at the same height as the rings. The container was towed 100 feet at a uniform speed over hard, dry pavement.

The cargo strap was attached to the hoisting/tie-down rings on Sides 6 and 5 (End 4 towed) and the container was again towed 100 feet (Figure 26).

The container was lifted to examine the bottom of the skids. Visual inspection revealed no external damage to the container or its skids.

TEST SEQUENCE 10 - FED-STD-101C, Method 5009.3, Leaks in Containers and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.2, Pressure Test.

Reference Test Sequence 4 (Initial test description).

The container leak rate for 30 minutes was 0.025 psi (0.050 psi/hr) when the container was pressurized to 1.50 psi. This leak rate was equal to the maximum allowable leakage rate of 0.05 psi/hr (reference Test Plan).

The container was opened and a visual inspection of the container interior and the MXU/650 fins, boxes, and drums was made.

The Fin 4 housing protrusion had abraded Box 1 (Figure 27). The Fin 6 quick release pin for blade restraint (hereafter referred to as the pin) had abraded Box 3 (Figure 28). Fin 1, when repositioned in the container after examination, had to be rotated so that it's housing protrusion would not contact Box 1.

The Design Engineer determined damage was not critical and testing could proceed.

MXU/650 Fin housing protrusions could interfere with adjacent fin housing protrusions, lowering the cover, and the fiberboard boxes. The fins were rotated to minimize these interferences.

TEST SEQUENCE 11 - Rough Handling Tests (High Temperature +140°F)

The container containing the appropriate fins (the CNU-505/E configuration also contained boxes and drums) was conditioned at $+165^{\circ}F$.

The polyethylene cushioning temperature was measured using a thermocouple temperature probe.

The following equipment and instrumentation was utilized:

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Ser#</u>	Cal Exp
Environment Chamber Thermocouple	Tenney Eng Omega	650		20JUL92 16NOV92

TEST SEQUENCE 11A - FED-STD-101C, Method 5005.1, Cornerwise-Drop (Rotational) Test and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.7.2.1, Cornerwise-Drop (Rotational) Test.

The cornerwise-drop tests were conducted in accordance with FED-STD-101C, Method 5005.1. The drop height was selected from Table I for 600-1000 pounds, Level A protection.

The container was dropped 24 inches onto a 1-inch thick steel plate inside the environmental chamber (Figure 29). One drop was made on each of the two diagonally opposite bottom Corners 236 and 345.

TEST SEQUENCE 11B - FED-STD-101C, Method 5008.1, <u>Edgewise-Drop</u>
(Rotational) Test and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.7.2.2,
Edgewise-Drop (Rotational) Test.

The edgewise-drop tests were conducted in accordance with FED-STD-101C, Method 5008.1. The drop height was selected from Table I for 600-1000 pounds, Level A protection.

The container was dropped 24 inches onto a 1-inch thick steel plate inside the environmental chamber (Figure 30). One drop was made on each of the two bottom adjacent Edges 23 and 35.

TEST SEQUENCE 11C - FED-STD-101C, Method 5012, <u>Pendulum-Impact</u>

<u>Test</u> and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.7.2.3, <u>Impact Test</u>.

The pendulum-impact tests were conducted in accordance with FED-STD-101C, Method 5012.

The container impact velocity was 7 feet/sec (9 inch drop height). One impact was made on End 2 and Side 6 (Figure 31).

TEST SEQUENCE 11 - Rough Handling Test Inspections.

A visual inspection of the container exterior, interior, and contents was made after the test sequence for each container configuration.

THE CNU-505/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE MXU/650 FINS

The initial chamber temperature was 165°F. The initial internal cushion temperature was 156°F and dropped to 154°F by test completion.

During Corner Drop 236, container cover Side 2 was impacted from inside the container. Fin 3 housing protrusion dented the container. Box 3 was punctured by Fin 4 pin. Polyethylene foam particles from the cover cushion were clinging to the fin tips. Fin 3 pin was almost out since its cotter pin was not engaged.

The Design Engineer determined that the damage was not critical and testing could proceed.

THE CNU-336B/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE BSU/50 FINS

The initial chamber temperature was 165°F. The initial internal cushion temperature was 160°F and dropped to 159°F by test completion.

The cover cushion remained in the container cover when the container was opened. The locating pins on the fin forward ends had torn the cover cushion slightly.

The Design Engineer determined that the damage was not critical and testing could proceed.

THE CNU-335B/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE BSU/49 FINS

The initial chamber temperature was 165°F. Initial internal cushion temperature was 153°F and dropped to 151°F by test completion.

After testing, photographic examination and subsequent container inspection revealed that the right forkwell skid areas of Side 6 and End 4 were damaged. The skids could have been damaged when the container was placed on the blocks for corner-wise drop testing The container was unstable in this configuration.

The Design Engineer determined that the skid damage did not influence container integrity

TEST SEQUENCE 12 - FED-STD-101C, Method 5009.3, <u>Leaks in Containers</u> and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.2, <u>Pressure Test</u>.

Reference Test Sequence 4 (Initial test description).

The container leak rate for 30 minutes was 0.017 psi (0.034 psi/hr) when the container was pressurized to 1.50 psi. This leak rate was less than the maximum allowable leakage rate of 0.05 psi/hr (reference Test Plan).

TEST SEQUENCE 13 - Rough Handling Tests (Low Temperature -20°F).

Reference Test Sequence 11.

The container was conditioned at -65°F.

TEST SEQUENCE 13A - FED-STD-101C, Method 5005.1, Cornerwise-Drop (Rotational) Test and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.7.2.1, Cornerwise-Drop (Rotational) Test.

Reference Test Sequence 11A.

Corners 235 and 346 were impacted.

TEST SEQUENCE 13B - FED-STD-101C, Method 5008.1, <u>Edgewise-Drop</u>
(Rotational) Test and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.7.2.2,
<u>Edgewise-Drop</u> (Rotational) Test.

Reference Test Sequence 11B.

Edges 34 and 36 were impacted.

TEST SEQUENCE 13C - FED-STD-101C, Method 5012, <u>Pendulum-Impact</u>

<u>Test</u> and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.7.2.3, Impact Test.

Reference Test Sequence 11C.

End 4 and Side 6 were impacted.

TEST SEQUENCE 13 - Rough Handling Test Inspections.

Reference Test Sequence 11.

THE CNU-505/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE MXU/650 FINS

The initial chamber temperature was $-68^{\circ}F$. The initial internal cushion temperature was $-68^{\circ}F$ and rose to $-41^{\circ}F$ by test completion.

The low temperature caused the cushions to shrink. The base cushion shrank approximately one inch on two container sides. Fin 3 did not sit perpendicular to the base cushion and interfered with the cover during closure.

The Design Engineer determined damage was not critical and testing could proceed.

THE CNU-336B/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE BSU/50 FINS

The initial chamber temperature was $-66^{\circ}F$. The initial internal cushion temperature was $-66^{\circ}F$ and rose to $-65^{\circ}F$ by test end.

The cover cushion remained on the fins when the container was opened. A foam chunk tore off the base cushion at the base of a fin. The base cushion shrank approximately 1-1/8 inch on End 2 and approximately 3/4 inch on Side 5.

The Design Engineer determined damage was not critical and testing could proceed.

THE CNU-335B/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE BSU/49 FINS

The initial chamber temperature was $-65^{\circ}F$. The initial internal cushion temperature was $-61^{\circ}F$ and rose to $-54^{\circ}F$ by test completion.

The cover cushion remained on the fins when the container was opened. The fins were not perpendicular in the container after the pendulum impact test and some fins were resting against each other (Figure 32).

A piece of fin hardware was found on the base cushion (Figure 33). The base cushion shrank approximately 1-1/8 to 1-1/4 inch on two container sides (Figure 34).

The Design Engineer determined that the damage was not critical and testing could proceed.

TEST SEQUENCE 14 - FED-STD-101C, Method 5009.3, <u>Leaks in Containers</u> and MIL-C-5584D,, 4.7,2, <u>Pressure Test</u>.

Reference Test Sequence 4 (Initial test description).

The container leak rate for 30 minutes was 0.024 psi (0.048 psi/hr) when the container was pressurized to 1.50 psi. This leak rate was less than the maximum allowable leakage rate of 0.05 psi/hr (reference Test Plan).

TEST SEQUENCE 15 - MIL-STD-648A, 5.3.2, Resonance Strength and Dwell Test, and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.7.1, Vibration.

Accelerometer Orientation

The container was instrumented with a triaxial accelerometer. The accelerometer was mounted as close to the fin center of mass as possible. The instrumented fin was placed as close as possible to the container geometrical center (the molded base cushions determined fin location).

TEST EQUIPMENT

The acceleration pulses were recorded for each test sequence to determine the maximum acceleration sustained by the container. All signals were electronically filtered using a two pole Butterworth filter with a 290 Hz cutoff frequency.

The container containing the appropriate fins (the CNU-505/E configuration also contained boxes and drums) was rigidly attached to the vibration platform (Figure 35). A sinusoidal vibration excitation was applied in the vertical direction and cyclically swept for 7.5 minutes at 2 minutes per octave to locate the resonant frequency. Input vibration from 5 to 12.5 Hz was at 0.125 inch double amplitude. Input vibration from 12.5 to 50.0 Hz was at 1.0 G (O to peak). A 30 minute resonant dwell test was conducted at the predominant resonant frequency.

The polyethylene cushioning temperature was measured using a thermocouple temperature probe.

The following equipment and instrumentation was utilized:

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>	<u>Ser#</u>	Cal Exp
Vibration Machine Vibration Meter Sweep Osc Servo Auto Level Programmer Filter Storage Oscilloscope Accelerometer Charge Amplifier Charge Amplifier Charge Amplifier Data Acquisition Sys Thermocouple	L.A.B. Div L.A.B. Div Spectral Dyn Spectral Dyn Krohn-Hite Tektronix Endevoc Endevco Endevco Endevco GHI Systems Omega	41012432 487AO2 SD1148B SD117A 3343 5115 2223D 2740BT 2740BT 2740BT Triad CAT 650	89003 0068 528 1865 1943 B094122 FF67 FY65 FW07 FW23 N/A 0016A	N/A 20APR92 N/A N/A N/A 09DEC92 18JUL93 21DEC92 08NOV92 06DEC92 N/A 16NOV92
-				

THE CNU-505/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE MXU/650 FINS

Accelerometer positive axes orientations (Figure 36). Fin 2 was instrumented (Figure 37).

X Axis - Directed through container Side 4.

Y Axis - Directed through container Side 6. Z Axis - Directed through container Side 3.

TEST RESULTS

TEST RESOLIS			Table Input		Resonant	Response
<u>Sample</u>	Time	Freq	Disp	<u>Accell</u>	<u>Accel</u>	<u>Trans</u>
1 2 3	03:00 15:00 27:00	8.9 8.8 8.8	0.125 0.125 0.125	1.25 1.64 1.75	6.87 6.71 6.62	5.50 4.09 3.78

NOTE: Acceleration (Accel) based on Peak Amplitude of input and output.

At the resonant frequency of $8.9~\mathrm{Hz}$, the maximum vibration output was $6.87~\mathrm{Gpp}$ with a $1.25~\mathrm{Gpp}$ vibration input at $0.125~\mathrm{inch}$ table displacement. The maximum transmissibility (trans) was $5.50~\mathrm{max}$ which exceeded the maximum permissible transmissibility of $5~\mathrm{at}$ the resonance frequency (reference Test Plan). The Design Engineer determined that even though the transmissibility exceeded the Test Plan, this value was not critical since the fins were not susceptible to damage.

The test was conducted at ambient temperature. Initial internal cushion temperature was $73^{\circ}F$ and rose to $74^{\circ}F$ by the end of the test.

Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container exterior. The container was opened and a visual inspection of the container interior and the MXU/650 fins, boxes, and drums was made.

Fin 4 pin punctured Box 3 in two places (Figure 38). The forward and aft fin ends imprinted the cover and base cushions approximately 1/16 inch.

The Design Engineer determined that the damage was, not critical and testing could proceed.

THE CNU-336B/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE BSU/50 FINS

Accelerometer positive axes orientations (Figure 39). Fin 1 was instrumented (Figure 40).

X Axis - Directed through container Side 4.

Y Axis - Directed through container Side 5.

Z Axis - Directed through container Side 1.

TEST RESULTS

			Table Input		Resonant	Response
<u>Sample</u>	<u>Time</u>	<u>Freq</u>	Disp	<u>Accel</u>	<u>Accel</u>	<u>Trans</u>
1 2 3	03:00 17:00 27:00	9.96 9.96 9.86	0.125 0.125 0.125	2.13 2.24 2.23	11.39 11.12 11.16	5.35 4.96 5.00

NOTE: Acceleration (Accel) based on Peak Amplitude of input and output.

At the resonant frequency of 9.96 Hz, the maximum vibration output was 11.39 $G_{\rm pp}$ with a 2.13 $G_{\rm pp}$ vibration input at 0.125 inch table displacement. The maximum transmissibility (trans)

was 5.35 which exceeded the maximum permissible transmissibility of 5 at the resonance frequency (reference Test Plan). The Design Engineer determined that even though the transmissibility exceeded the Test Plan, this value was not critical since the fins were not susceptible to damage.

The test was conducted at ambient temperature. Initial internal cushion temperature was $73^{\circ}F$ and rose to $74^{\circ}F$ by the end of the test.

Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container exterior. The container was opened and a visual inspection of the container interior and the BSU/50 fins was made.

The forward fin ends imprinted the cover cushion approximately 1/16 inch. The aft fin ends imprinted the base cushions approximately 1/8 inch.

The polyethylene cover cushion is positioned on the forward end of the fins before cover closure. The cover cushion can shift when the cover is lowered onto the container base. When this happens, the cover must be removed and the cushion repositioned. A method to prevent cushion shift would alleviate this problem.

The Design Engineer noted the problem with the cover cushion and determined that the damage was not critical and testing could proceed.

THE CNU-335B/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE BSU/49 FINS

Accelerometer positive axes orientations (Figure 41). Fin 6 was instrumented (Figure 42).

X Axis - Directed through container Side 4.

Y Axis - Directed through container Side 5.

Z Axis - Directed through container Side 1.

TEST RESULTS

		•	Table Inp	ut	Resona	nt Response
<u>Sample</u>	Time	<u>Freq</u>	Disp	<u>Accel</u>	<u>Accel</u>	Trans
1 2 3	03:00 16:00 27:00	8.37 8.40 8.40	0.125 0.125 0.125	1.65 1.58 1.69	9.69 9.58 9.40	5.87 6.06 5.56

NOTE: Acceleration (Accel) based on Peak Amplitude of input and output.

At the resonant frequency of 8.40 Hz, the maximum vibration output was 9.58 G_{pp} with a 1.58 G_{pp} vibration input at 0.125 inch table displacement. The maximum transmissibility (trans) was

6.06 which exceeded the maximum permissible transmissibility of 5 at the resonance frequency (reference Test Plan). The Design Engineer determined that even though the transmissibility exceeded the Test Plan, this value was not critical since the fins were not susceptible to damage.

The test was conducted at ambient temperature. Initial internal cushion temperature was 72°F and rose to 75°F by the end of the test.

Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container exterior. The container was opened and an visual inspection of the container interior and the BSU/49 fins was made.

The forward and aft fin ends imprinted the cover and base cushions approximately 1/16 inch.

The Design Engineer determined that the damage was not critical and testing could proceed.

TEST SEQUENCE 16 - FED-STD-101C, Method 5009.3, Leaks in Containers and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.2, Pressure Test.

Reference Test Sequence 4 (Initial test description).

THE CNU-505/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE MXU/650 FINS

The container failed the leak test and was examined and repaired. Leaks were found in the base corner side seams (345, 235, and 236) on the inner surface. The Design Engineer determined that the damage was not structural and testing could proceed.

After repair, the container leak rate for 30 minutes was 0.017 psi (0.034 psi/hr) when the container was pressurized to 1.50 psi. This leak rate was less than the maximum allowable leakage rate of 0.05 psi/hr (reference Test Plan).

TEST SEQUENCE 17 - MIL-STD-648A, 5.2.2, Repetitive Shock Test, FED-STD-101C Method 5019.1, Vibration (Repetitive Shock) Test, and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.7.3, Repetitive Shock (Superimposed Loads).

The following equipment was utilized:

<u>Equipment</u>	<u>Manufacturer</u>	<u>Model</u>	Ser#	<u>Cal Ex</u> p
Vibration Machine	L.A.B. Div	5000-96B	56801	N/A

The test was conducted in accordance with FED-STD-101C, Method 5019.1, at ambient temperature.

The container containing the appropriate fins, (CNU-505/E configuration also contained boxes and drums) was placed on the vibration table (Figure 43). Restraints were utilized that would prevent the container from sliding off the table. The container was allowed about 1/2 inch unrestricted movement in the horizontal direction from the centered position on the table.

The table frequency was increased from 0.0 Hertz (Hz) until the container left the table surface. Test duration was two hours.

THE CNU-505/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE MXU/650 FINS

At 4.6 Hz input vibration frequency, one inch double amplitude, a 1/16 inch thick bar could be slid freely between table and container under all points of the container.

After approximately 15 minutes, the container became extremely unstable on the table. The input vibration frequency was reduced to 4.5 Hz until test completion. The 1/16 inch thick bar could not be slid freely between table and container under all points of the container, but the input frequency could not be increased due to container instability.

Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container exterior. The container was opened and an visual inspection of the container interior and the MXU/650 fins, boxes, and drums was made.

Fin 1 pin became loose and vibrated out (Figure 44). Fin tips punctured the cover cushion approximately 1/16 to 1-1/2 inches Figure 45). Boxes 2 and 3 were punctured by fin pins (Figure 46). Boxes 4, 5, and 6 were punctured by the drums they were sitting upon (Figure 47).

Fin	pin	1	rubbed	Fin	5	
Fin	pin	2	rubbed	Fin	1	(Figure 48 is a
Fin	pin	3	rubbed	Fin	2	typical example)
Fin	pin	5	rubbed	Fin	6	

Fin pin 4 scratched the end of Fin 5. Fin 4 aft end blades cut through the base cushion in four places. The base cushion side wall radius cracked. This radius consists of four circular segments located on the base cushion sidewall. The radius is the transition point from the base cushion sidewall circular cut out for the fin body and the relief area for the fin aft end. (Hereafter referred to as the base cushion radius).

Fin 1 base cushion radius cracked.

Fin 2 aft end blades through base cushion, one place; base cushion radius cracked.

Fin 3 aft end blades through base cushion, one place; base cushion radius cracked.

Fin 5 aft end blades through base cushion, one place; base cushion radius cracked.

Fin 6 aft end blades through base cushion, one place; base cushion radius cracked.

Fin 4 rubbed on a drum. The contents of Drum 3 emptied out when the drum was lifted from the base cushion (Figure 49). There was no foam in the bottom of the drum as there was in the other drums. Drum 2 was received and used empty.

Fins 2 and 4 access doors vibrated off. Fin 2 access door was reinstalled. Fin 4 access door was left off for additional testing since it was missing one fastener and nylon washer (Figure 50).

The Design Engineer determined that the damage was, not critical and testing could proceed.

THE CNU-336B/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE BSU/50 FINS

At 4.4 Hz input vibration frequency, one inch double amplitude, a 1/16-inch thick bar could be slid freely between table and container under all points of the container.

Visual inspection revealed no damage to the container exterior. The container was opened and an visual inspection revealed no damage to the container interior or the BSU/50 fins.

THE CNU-335B/E CONFIGURATION WITH THE BSU/49 FINS

At 4.7 Hz input vibration frequency, one-inch double amplitude, a 1/16 inch thick bar could be slid freely between the table and container under all points of the container. After approximately 75 minutes, the container became extremely unstable on the table. The input vibration frequency was reduced to 4.6 Hz until test completion. The 1/16 inch thick bar could not be slid freely between table and container under all points of the container, but the input frequency could not be increased due to container instability.

Visual inspection revealed that Corner 236 hoisting/tie-down ring screw had vibrated back from it's installed position (Figure 51).

The container was opened and an visual inspection of the container interior and the BSU/49 fins was made. The aft end fin blades imprinted the base cushion approximately 1/16 inch. The forward fin end pin imprinted the cover cushion approximately 1/16 inch.

The fin blade (sharp) edges (Figure 52) wore grooves in the container cover lower extrusion inner surface (Figure 53).

The Design Engineer determined damage was not critical and testing could proceed.

TEST SEQUENCE 18 - FED-STD-101C, Method 5009.3, <u>Leaks in Containers</u> and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.2, <u>Pressure Test.</u>

Reference Test Sequence 4 (Initial test description).

The container leak rate for 30 minutes was 0.022 psi (0.044 psi/hr) when the container was pressurized to 1.50 psi. This leak rate was less than the maximum allowable leakage rate of 0.05 psi/hr (reference Test Plan).

TEST SEQUENCE 19 - MIL-STD-648A, 5.2.7.1, Impact Test (Stacked), MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.6.2, Stacking Strength, and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.7.2.3, Impact Test, and FED-STD-101C, Method 5012, Pendulum-Impact Test.

The pendulum-impact tests were conducted in accordance with FED-STD-101C, Method 5012.

CNU-505/E container configuration with the MXU/650 fins, boxes and drums was utilized. A spare prototype container was used for the top container and was loaded with the same contents as the test container.

Heavy duty 3/4 inch steel strapping was used to band the containers together. Two straps were placed lengthwise and girthwise around the containers through the forklift pockets. The container impact velocity was 7 feet/sec (9 inch drop height). One impact was made on Side 5 and another impact on End 2 (Figure 54).

Upon Side 5 impact, all latches opened on Side 5 of the lower container (Figure 55). A cargo strap, used to lift the containers after impact, deformed the lower base extrusion (Side 4, left forklift pocket, top right side, Figure 56).

The Design Engineer determined that the damage was not critical and testing could proceed.

TEST SEQUENCE 20 - FED-STD-101C, Method 5009.3, Leaks in Containers and MIL-C-5584D, 4.7.2, Pressure Test.

Reference Test Sequence 4 (Initial test description).

The container leak rate for 30 minutes was 0.0243 psi (0.0486 psi/hr) when the container was pressurized to 1.50 psi. This leak rate was less than the maximum allowable leakage rate of 0.05 psi/hr (reference Test Plan).

TEST SEQUENCE 21 - MIL-STD-648, 5.5, Structural Integrity.

Reference Test Sequence 4 (Initial test description).

TEST SEQUENCE 21A - MIL-STD-648, 5.5.2, Pressure Test.

The container was pressurized to 3.0 psi. The container deformed but there was no failure of the latches,, fasteners, or container structure.

TEST SEQUENCE 21B - MIL-STD-648, 5.5.3, Vacuum Test.

The container was evacuated to -3.0 psi. The container deformed but there was no failure of the latches, fasteners, or container structure.

APPENDIX A
TEST SEQUENCE

TEST PLAN MATRIX

TEST NO.	CONFIGURATION	: COMPLETED	COMMENTS:
X	BSU/49	6 OCT 92	;; ;;
	BSU/50	6 OCT	
	MXU/650	6 OCT	!
	! !		!
ø	BSU/49	6 OCT	! !!
	BSU/5Ø	6 OCT	
	MXU/650	6 OCT	
73	BSU/49	6 0cT	
	BSU/50	6 OLT	
	MXU/650	6 OCT	
A :	MXU/650	15/160cT	
; کھر :	MXU/650	29 OCT	
	MXU/650	COMPLETE	a-290CT 5290CT C 19 NOV
7	MXU/650	COMPLETE	629 OCT C2900T a 19 NOU
	MXU/65Ø :	29 OCT	a 29 OCT b 29 OCT
<i>,</i> 8′	MXU/650	ZGOCT	a 29 of T 629 OCT C29 OCT
10:	MXU/650 :	30 OCT	
<i>y</i> :	MXU/65Ø :	4200	a 4NOU 5 4NOU C 4NOU
12:	MXU/650	5 NOV :	
<u> 13</u>	MXU/65Ø	16 NOV	a 16HOU 6 16 MUL C 16 MUL
JA	MXU/65Ø :	2 JUNU	17 NOV
15	MXU/650	3UOLT	
18	MXU/65Ø	220092	
•		45	

17	MXU/650	SNOV	!
18	MXU/650	6 NOV	
19	MXU/650	23200	!
20	MXU/650	24 NOV	
21	MXU/650	24200	
	!	!	
11	BSU/5Ø	3DEC	
13	BSU/50	LIDEC	
15	BSU/50	24NUV	
17	BSU/5Ø	25201	
		1	
11	BSU/49	2052	
13	BSU/49	2052	
15	BSU/49	25NOV	
17	BSU/49	3020	
	· ·	· -	

APPENDIX B
PHOTOGRAPHS

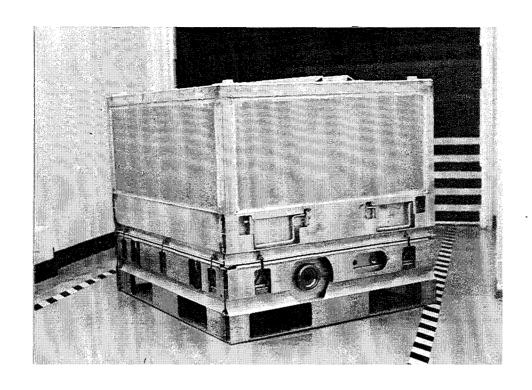


Figure 1. CNU-534/E - Container.

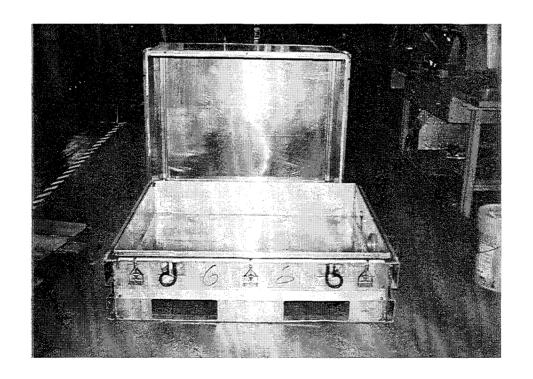


Figure 2. CNU-534/E - Cover and Base.

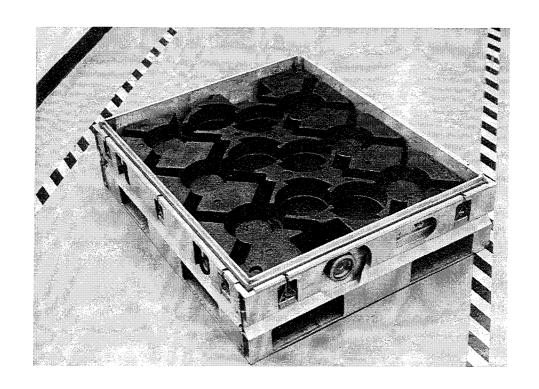


Figure 3. CNU-505/E - Base and Base Cushion.



Figure 4. CNU-505/E with MXU/650 Fins.

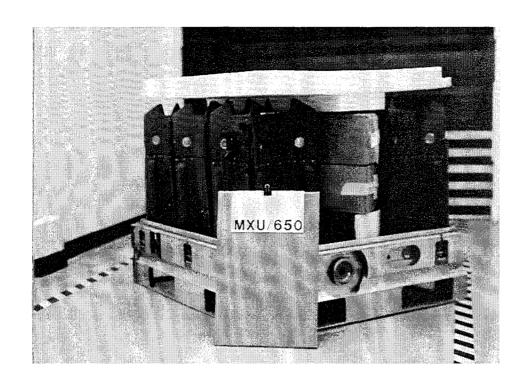


Figure 5. CNU-505/E, MXU/650 Fins, and Cover Cushion.

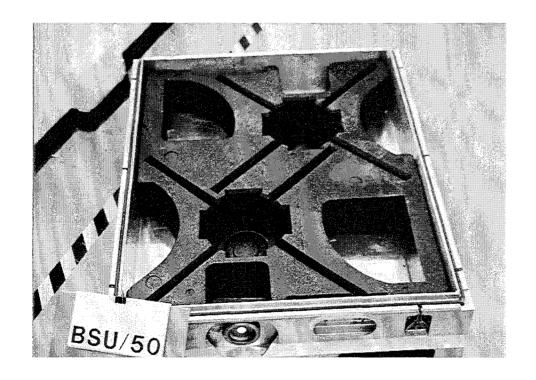


Figure 6. CNU-336B/E - Base and Base Cushion.

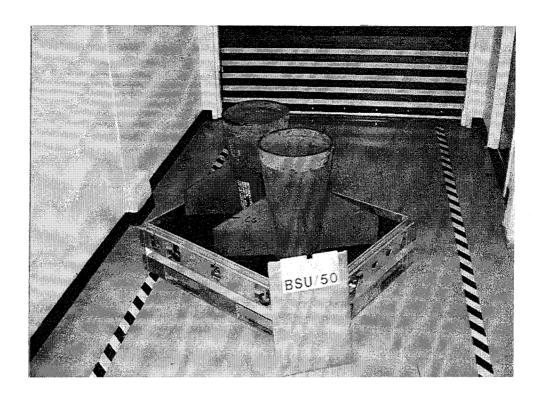


Figure 7. CNU-336B/E with BSU/50 Fins.

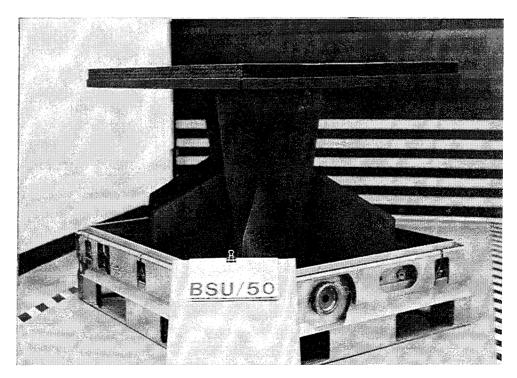


Figure 8. CNU-336B/E, BSU/50 Fins, and Cover Cushion.

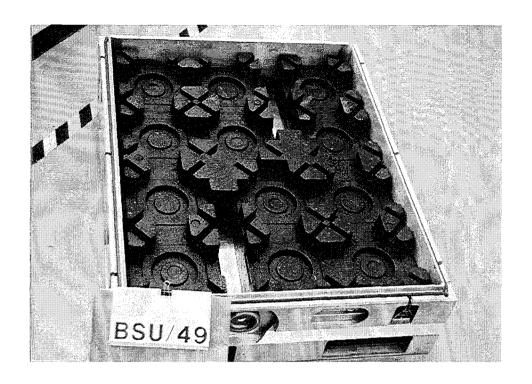


Figure 9. CNU-335B/E - Base and Base Cushion.



Figure 10. CNU-335B/E with BSU/49 Fins.

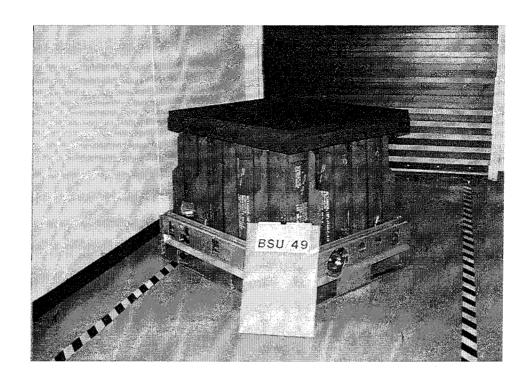


Figure 11. CNU-335B/E, BSU/49 Fins, and Cover Cushion.

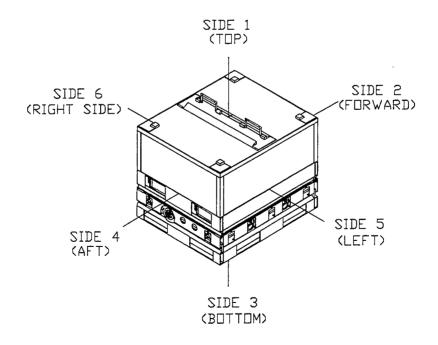


Figure 12. CNU-534/E Container Side Designation.

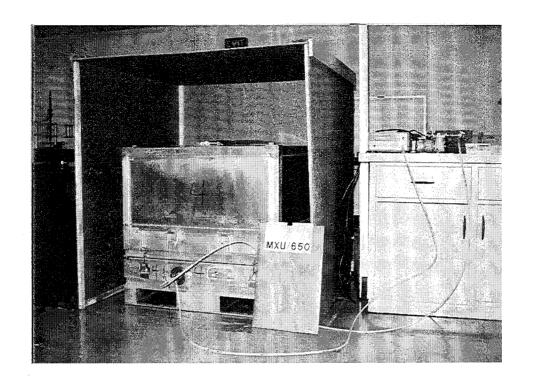


Figure 13. Pneumatic Pressure/Vacuum Retention Leak Test.

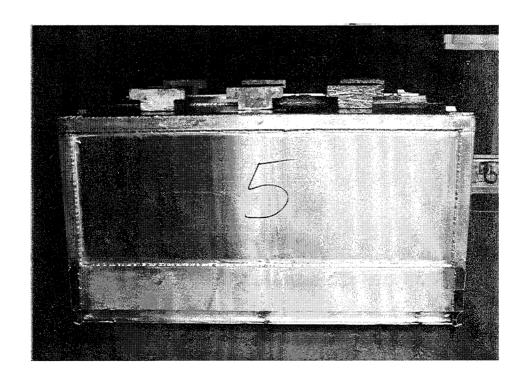


Figure 14. Cover Stand Off Test.

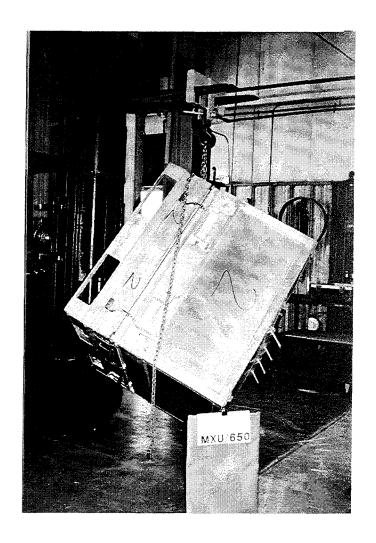


Figure 15. Single Hoisting Fitting Strength Test.



Figure 16. Hoisting Fittings (4)
Strength Test.

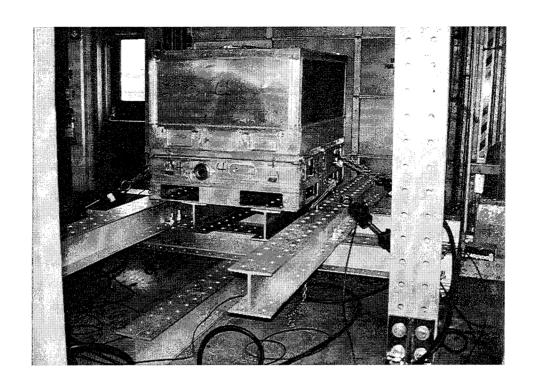


Figure 17. Tie Down Strength Test.

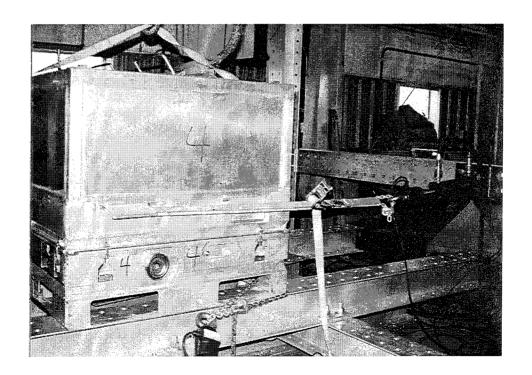


Figure 18. Handle Strength Test - Captured End.



Figure 19. Handle Strength Test - Single Point.

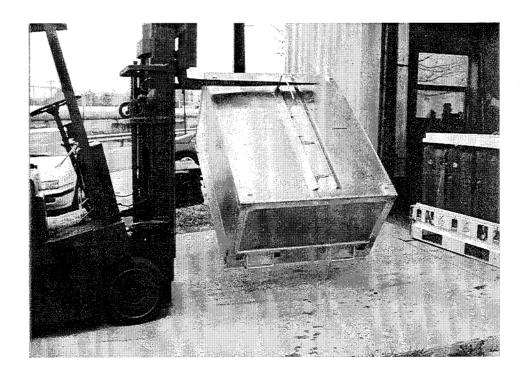


Figure 20. Handle Strength Test - Forklift Tine.

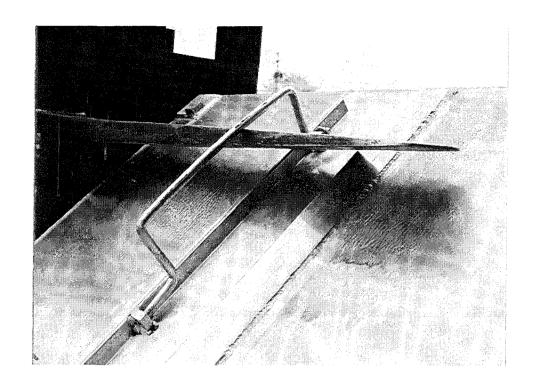


Figure 21. Forklift Tine Test - Handle Deformation.

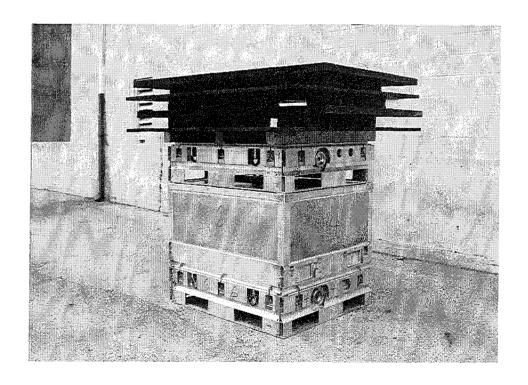


Figure 22. Superimposed Load Test - Stackability With Dunnage.

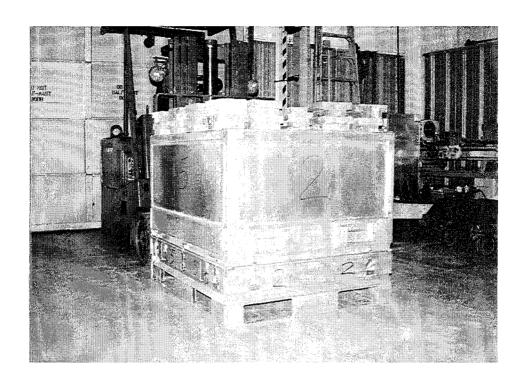


Figure 23. Superimposed Load Test - Uniformly Distributed, Without Dunnage.

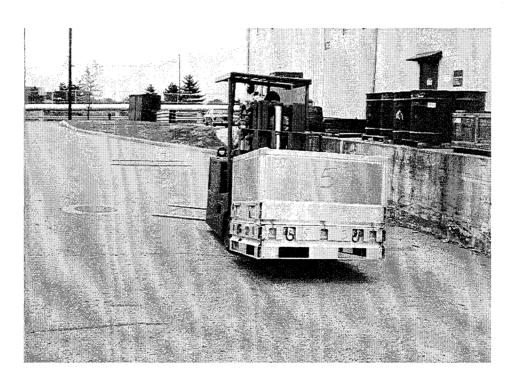


Figure 24. Mechanical Handling Test - Forklift.

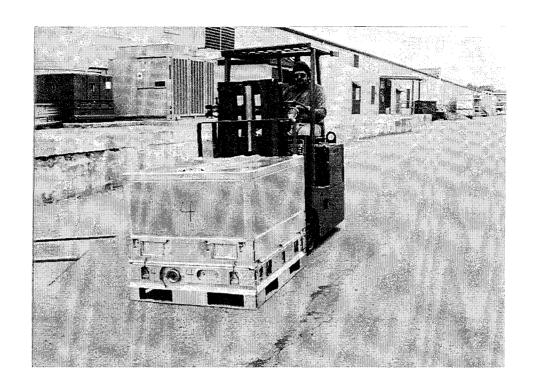


Figure 25. Mechanical Handling Test - Pushing.



Figure 26. Mechanical Handling Test - Towing.



Figure 27. CNU-505/E - Box Abrasion by Fins.

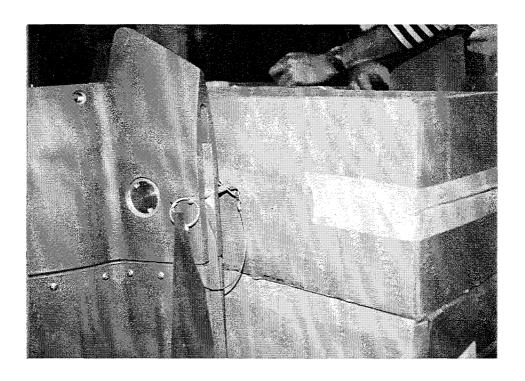


Figure 28. CNU-505/E - Box Abrasion by Release Pin.

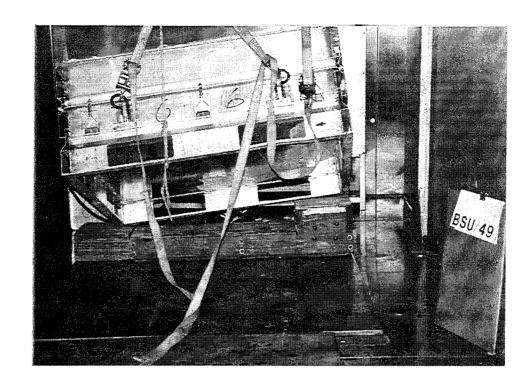


Figure 29. Rough Handling - Cornerwise-Drop Test.

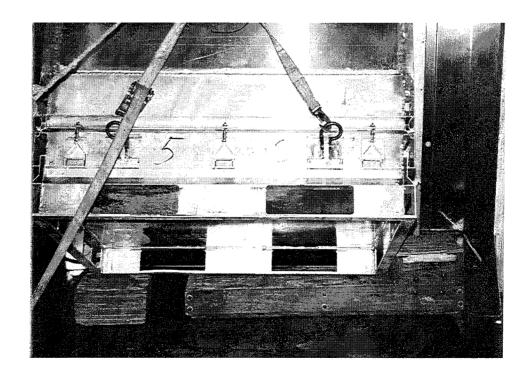


Figure 30. Rough Handling - Edgewise-Drop Test.

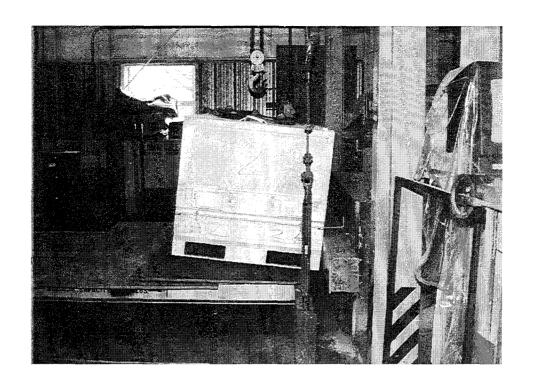


Figure 31. Rough Handling - Pendulum-Impact Test.



Figure 32. CNU-335B/E - Rough Handling - Pendulum-Impact Test.

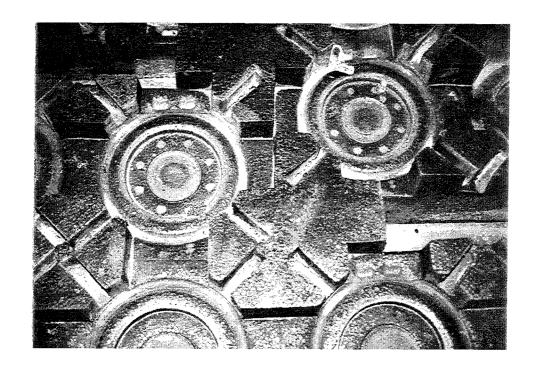


Figure 33. CNU-335B/E - BSU/49 Fin Hardware on Base Cushion.



Figure 34. Foam Shrinkage Due to Exposure to Low Temperatures.

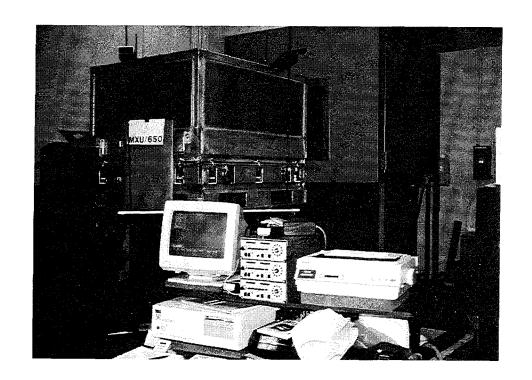


Figure 35. Resonance Strength and Dwell Test.

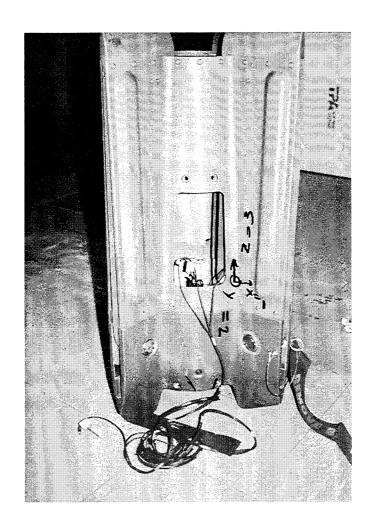


Figure 36. CNU-505/E - Instrumented MXU/650 Fin.

SIDE 2

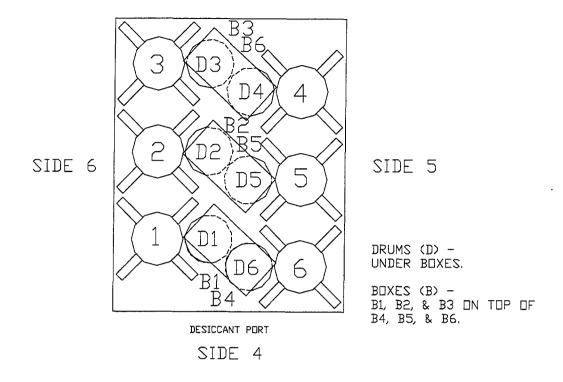


Figure 37. CNU-505/E - Fin Location and Designation.

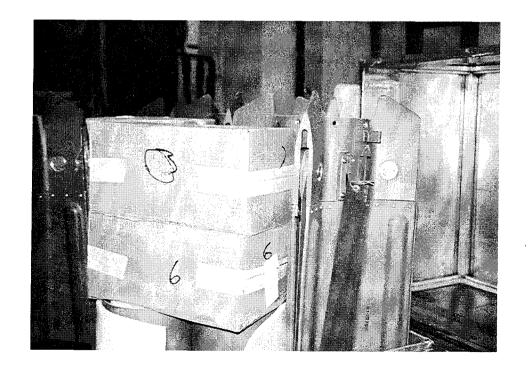


Figure 38. CNU-505/E - Resonance Vibration Damage.

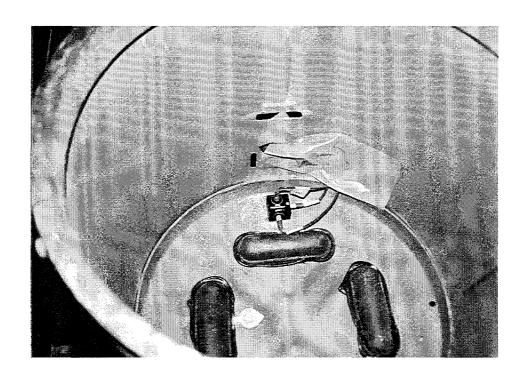


Figure 39. CNU-336B/E - Instrumented BSU/50 Fin.

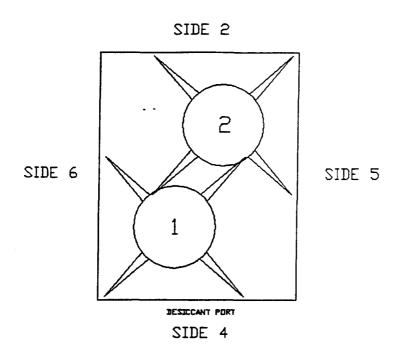


Figure 40. CNU-336B/E - Fin Location and Designation.



Figure 41. CNU-335B/E - Instrumented BSU/49 Fin.

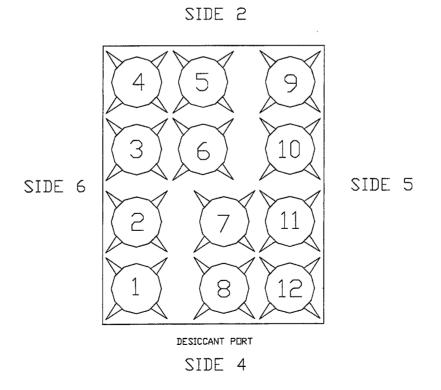


Figure 42. CNU-335B/E - Fin Location and Designation.

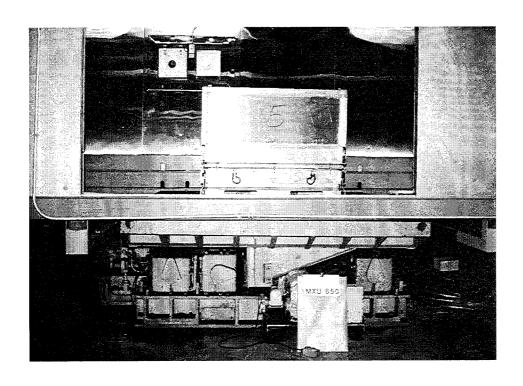


Figure 43. Repetitive Shock Test.

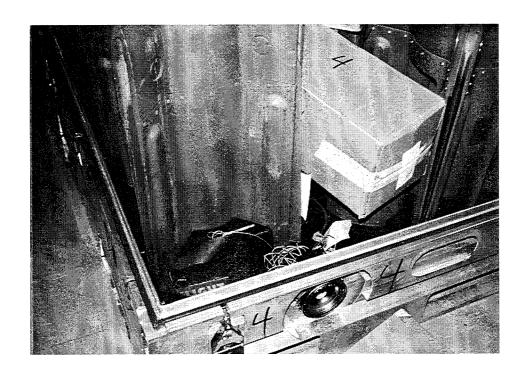


Figure 44. CNU-505/E - Repetitive Shock Test - Pin Disengagement.

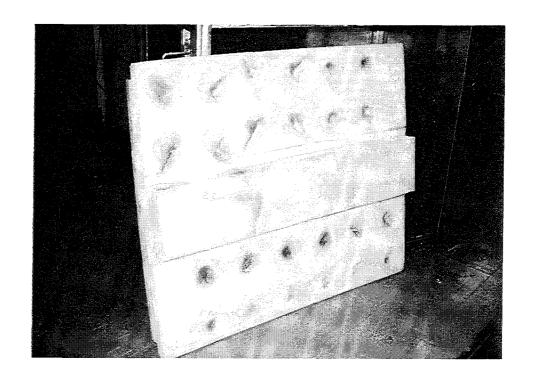


Figure 45. CNU-505/E - Repetitive Shock Test - Cover Cushion Damage.



Figure 46. CNU-505/E - Repetitive Shock Test - Pin and Drum Damage to Boxes.

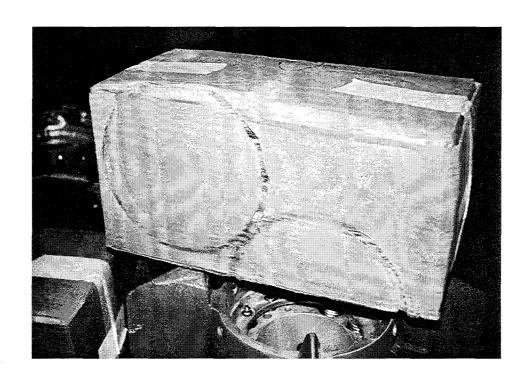


Figure 47. CNU-505/E - Repetitive Shock Test - Drum Damage to Boxes.

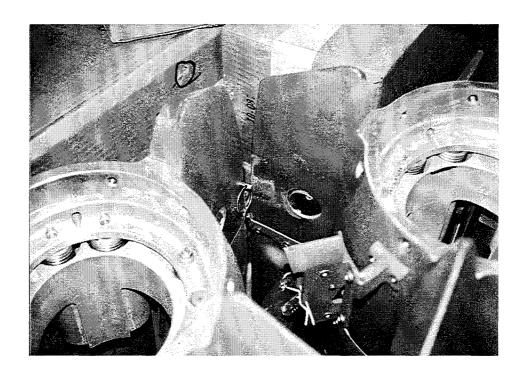


Figure 48. CNU-505/E - Repetitive Shock Test - Pin Damage to Fins.



Figure 49. CNU-505/E - Repetitive Shock Test - Drum Contents Emptied.

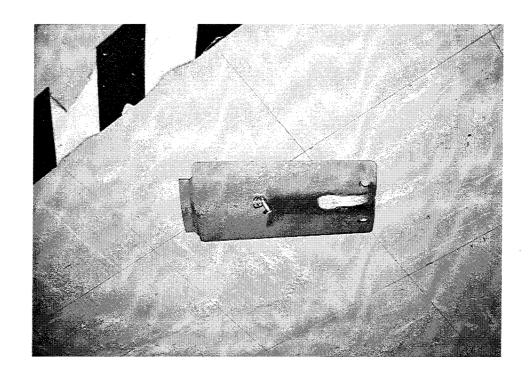


Figure 50. CNU-505/E - Repetitive Shock Test - Access Door Damage.



Figure 51. CNU-335B/E - Repetitive Shock Test - Loose Screw Due to Vibration.

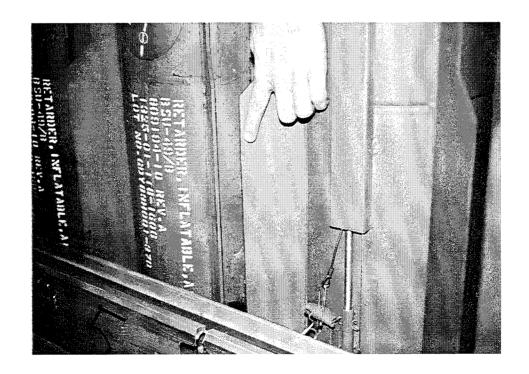


Figure 52. CNU-335B/E - Repetitive Shock Test - Fin Blade Edges.

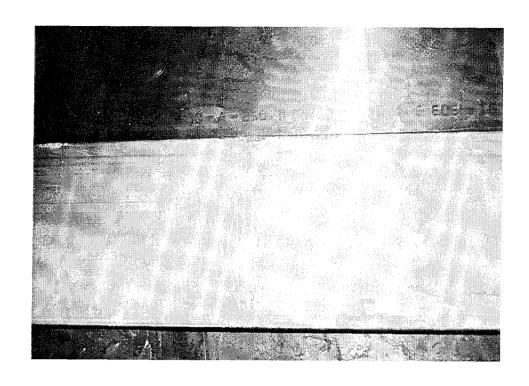


Figure 53. CNU-335B/E - Repetitive Shock Test - Cover Damage Due to Fin Blade Edges.

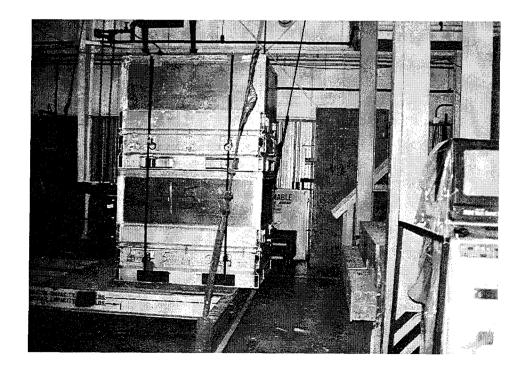


Figure 54. Stacked Pendulum-Impact Test.

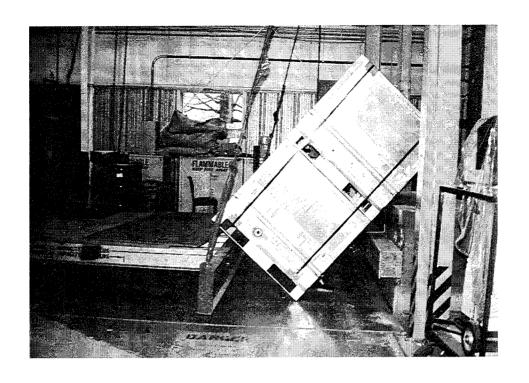


Figure 55. Stacked Pendulum-Impact Test - Container Latches Opened.

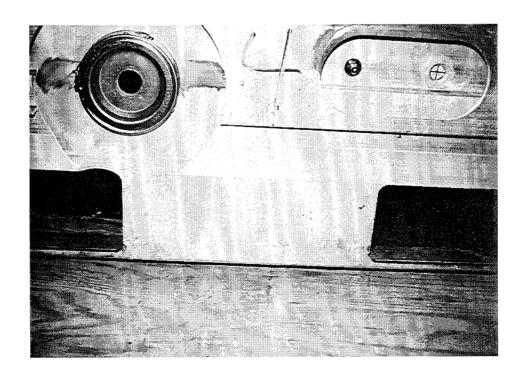


Figure 56. Stacked Pendulum-Impact Test - Cargo Strap Damage.

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APPENDIX 4 DISTRIBUTION LIST

DISTRIBUTION LIST

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APPENDIX 5 REPORT DOCUMENTATION

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Form Approved
OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data needed, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Washington Headquarters Services, Directorate for Information Operation Operations and Reports, 1215 Jefferson Davis Highway, Suite 1204, Arlington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budger, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Washington, DC 20503.

1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank) 2. REPORT DATE Dec 94 4. THILE AND SUBTITLE Dec 94 5. FUNDING NUMBERS 6. AUTHOR(S) James T. Steiger 7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) APMC-LSO/LGTPD Packaging Branch 5215 Thurlow St Wright-Patterson AFB OH 45433-5540 9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) 11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for Public Release Distribution Unlimited. 12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for Funding Munitions Container (FMC) #3. This project was insupport of PRAM project 21989-01. FMC #3 is designed to hold 12 BSU/49, 2 BSU/50 or 6 MXU/650 Airfoil Groups. This will replace three different containers, all of which are top opening, therefore making it very difficult for the user to remove the airfoil group from the container. FMC#3 (CNU 534/E) is a welded aluminum container. This container is not painted which reduces the original cost of the container, environmental hazardous waste and				
A THILE AND SUBTIFLE Development of the Family of Munitions Container #3 for BSU/49, BSU/50, and MXU/650 Airfoil Groups, CNU 534/E, CNU 335 B/E, CNU 336B/E and CNU 505/E 6. AUTHOR(S) James T. Steiger 7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) AFMC-LSO/LGTPD Packaging Branch 5215 Thurlow St Wright-Patterson AFB OH 45433-5540 9. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY NAME(S) AND ADDRESS(ES) 11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES 12. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATEMENT Approved for Public Release Distribution Unlimited. 13. ABSTRACT (Maximum 200 words) This project was initiated to design, fabricate, test and provide production drawing package for the Family of Munitions Container (FMC) #3. This project was in support of PRAM project 21989-01. FMC #3 is designed to hold 12 BSU/49, 2 BSU/50 or 6 MXU/650 Airfoil Groups. This will replace three different containers, all of which are top opening, therefore making it very difficult for the user to remove the airfoil group from the container. FMC#3 (CNU 534/E) is a welded aluminum container. This container is not painted	1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave blank)	2. REPORT DATE	3. REPORT TYPE AN	D DATES COVERED
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FMC#3 (CNU 534/E) is a welded aluminum container. This container is not painted which reduces the original cost of the container, environmental hazardous waste and the life-cycle costs of the container. FMC#3 is a bottom opening container, similar to a butter dish design. The fins sit on their aft end in the base of the container this allows the user to easily prepare the fin for placement on the bomb.

The empty container (CNU 534/E) is made unique by each airfoil group's own unique cushioning system to hold each different type of airfoil group.

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